Kelly discusses Gulf in Syria

DAMASCUS (R) - U.S. Assistant Secretary of State John Kelly held talks with Syrian leaders in Damascus Friday but did not ask for Syrian participation in an international force to guard Saudi Arabia against any Iraqi attack. Syrian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Nasser Qaddour and Kelly talked on the Guif crisis for 90 minutes. Quidour said be would hold more discussions with the U.S. envoy. Asked whether the U.S. requested Syrian participation in an international force, Quidour said: "No. It (the U.S.) did not ask for that." U.S. officials accompanying Secretary of State James Baker in Brussels had hinted strongly that Iraq's staunchest foes - Syria and Iran - would join a U.S.-led deployment to persuade Iraq to withdraw its forces from Kuwaii and the Saudi border. Diplomats said Kelly briefed Syria on the deployment of U.S. forces, stressing they were in Saudi Arabia for defensive purposes. Kelly also discussed the possibility of coordination between Washington and Damascus on implementing sanctions against Iraq approved by the U.N.

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AMMAN SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1990, MUHARRAM 20, 1411

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would make the trip around Aug. was speaking at a news conference following a meeting of NATO foreign ministers.

out of S. Arabia

WASHINGTON (R) Thousands of U.S. troops are arriving in Saudi Arabia for possible combat with Iraq but Americans are not getting any firsthand stories or pictures about them because the foreign news media is barred from the kingdom. U.S. Defence Secretary Dick Cheney says the Pentagon wants news coverage of the operation but can not get approval from the Saudi government to bring in reporters and photographers.

Yemenis storm

SANAA (R) - About 300 Yemenis stormed the office of the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) in Sanaa Thursday and amashed windows in protest at the deployment of U.S. troops in Sandi Arabia, witnesses said: They said the demonstrators, chanting American bowards" and "Mo to America" also marched towards the embassies of the United States, Saudi Arabia and Egypt in the Yemeni capital.

equipment held

DUBAI (R) - Norway and India sion and annexation of Kuwait

Turkey from Iraq

DIYARBAKIR, Turkey (R) incoming nationals, the agency said.

rise inevitable

European airlines seem certain to be forced up by the impact of the Gulf crisis on fuel prices, the Association of European Airlines (AEA) said Friday. "European airlines are entering proubled waters," AEA Secretary-General Karl-Heinz Neumeister said. Given the events of the last few days a reaction of the airlines on the price side seems unavoidable." An AEA statement said the number of passengers carried by its 21 member airlines surged by 10 per cent in the first half of 1990, but costs were rising twice as fast as revenue even before

Arab leaders end summit split over resolutions

12 states vote for deploying troops in S. Arabia Deployment resolution endorses presence of U.S. forces in Saudi territory Iraq, Palestine and Libya oppose resolutions

 Sudan, Mauritania express reservations
 Jordan, Algeria and Yemen abstain No change seen in Jordanian position that more time needed for mediation

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Arab leaders last night were divided over a 12-vote Arab League resolution to deploy Arab forces along with U.S. troops in Saudi Arabia and go along with the United Nations'

sponsored by the six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) members, secured a total of 12 votes, including the GCC states and Egypt, Syria, Morocco, Somalia, Djibouti and Lebanon.

Three countries, Iraq, Libya and Palestine, voted against the resolution while Jordan, Algeria decision to impose sanctions and Yemen abstained, Maurita-

against Baghdad. The resolution, nia and Sudan expressed reservations and took no position. Tunsia, where the government had to impose a ban on pro-Iragi demonstrations, was absent. There are 21 members in the Arab League after North and South Yemen merged and became the Republic of Yemeo may this

In addition to calling for an

Saudi Arabia, the seven-point resolution implictly endorsed the presence of American soldiers in Saudi territory by urging "snpport for measures taken by Sandi Arabia and other Gulf states to defend their legitimate rights..." But it also implied that such foreign deployment was contingent of Iraqi military presence in

Arab force to be deployed in Knwait by saying that "these measures should be stopped immediately after the total withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait and the return of Knwait's legitimate authority."

> In addition to condemning Iraq's "aggression against the brotherly State of Kuwait" and rejecting Bagh-dad's announcement Wednesday of a merger between Iraq and Kuwait "or

threats to Gulf Arab states and... any other results arising from the fraq's build-up of armed forces on the invasion of troops of Kuwaiti terriborders of Saudi Arabia... tory," the resolution demanded the return of the deposed Al Sabah fami-

According to political analysts familiar with the language of such ly to power by stating that Iraq should resolutions, Jordan has maintained its immediately withdraw "from Kuwait... and returns it to the state it position of calling for more time to was in before Aug. 1 (including) the return of its legiumate government

deal with the crisis. "Jordan has not changed its position. It still wants to maintain avenue

(Continued on page 5)

Saddam calls on Arabs to revolt against 'oil emirs'

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iraqi the Arab and Islamic nations and President Saddam Hussein Friday ... but are challenging God the called on Arabs to sweep from back the Muslim holy shrines in the foreinger." Saudi Arabia. He called for holy war against the United States.

In a statement read by a spokesman on Baghdad Radio, Saddam also called on Egyptians to bar Western military fleets from using the Suez Canal. He appealed to the Gulf emi-

rates to stop American warships, without specifying bow. The American forces came

"It means there are plans for

policy with the foreigner has become exposed. "So they are not only defying

aggressive intentions. The joint

... but are challenging God the day they put Mecca and the tomb power the "emirs of oil" and take of Mohammad under the grip of Addressing Arab everywhere,

he called for the overthrow of the Saudi royal family.

"Make it clear to your rulers, the emirs of oil, as they serve the foreigner; tell the traitors there is no place for them on Arab soil after they humiliated Arab bonour and dignity," he said.
On the holy shrines at the

Saudi cities of Mecca and Mediand Saudi Arabia opened its na, Saddam said: "Arabs, Musdoors to it under the false pretext lims, believers in God wherever that the Iraqi army will move you are. This is your day to jump towards them," the spokesman up and defend Mecca, hostage of up and defend Mecca, hostage of the Americans."

The invasion, and later massing of Iraqi troops on Saudi Arabia's borders, triggered a buildup of tens of thousands of American

(Continued on page 5)

Two Sandi nationals crossing the Ai Ruweished post go through customs inspection (Photo by Yousef Al Allen)

Iraqi border post remains closed for most Westerners

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Western embassies in Amman were trying Friday to obtain detailed information on Iraqi restrictions on foreigners leaving its territory, which Baghdad says now includes the state of Kuwait after it announced the merger of the two countries earlier this

Amid growing fears that the situation could develop into an Iragi-American stalemate if thousands of Europeans and Americans remained stranded in Iraq, thus restricting American military manocuvrability in the event of a confrontation

troops deployed in Saudi Arabia, sources quoted by Radio Monte Carlo said the Iraqi authorities had agreed that all nationals of Asian, African, Latin American and Eastern Bloc, including the Soviet Union, as well as accredited diplomats of Western European and North American countries, would be allowed to leave. There was no immediate independent confirmation of the report. Nor was it clear whether the permission ap-

The Iraqi side of the border with Jordan remained closed for Westerners with residence

plied to all regardless of their

status of residence in Iraq nr

except diplomats "We are caught by surprise, and the situation is not all clear," said a senior diplomat at a Western embessy in Amman. "We are waiting for clarification from our govcrament but I doubt whether they would have anything for us by this evening," he said.

About 300 to 350 Westerners

were believed to be waiting at the fraci side of the border awaiting permission to cross over, according

to another European diplomat.

American embassy officials said
they had no comment and referred to a statement made in Washington Thursday which said that no American or European holding residence vises for more than 30 days in Iraq or Kuwait would be permitted to leave. Among those not allowed to leave are 38 Americans and 130

(Continued on page 5)

between Iraqi forces and U.S. permits for Kuwait and Iraq Ad says Israel must keep

Kuwait.

ernment ran a full-page statement in newspapers Friday saying the Jewish state must never surrender control of the water beneath the occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip.
"It is difficult to conceive of any political solution consistent with Israel's survival that does not involve complete continued Israeli control of the water and sewerage systems," the advertisement from the ministry of agricul-

It said control must cover "the associated infrastructure, including the power supply and road network essential to their operation, maintenance and accessibil-

The ministry is run by Rafael Eitan, chief of the army when Israel invaded Lebanon in 1982 and onw an ultra-nationalist member of Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's rightist cabinet that took office in June.

The 1.75 million Palestinians living in the occupied territories have complained for years that the Jewish state is syphoning off their water.

The ministry statement, printed in both English-and Hebrew-language newspapers, the claim to continued Israeli

"Water is an extremely scarce resource in Israel," it said. "In fact, it is in many ways the future development."

of water in the occupied territories coincides with the arrival of a wave of Soviet Jewish immigration expected to raise Israel's population by half a million in the next three years.

would come over the 12 months.

water from the basin of the Jordan River and two major aquifers. Water beneath the Gaza Strip is already suffering salination from overpumping but water under the West Bank is a crucial part of Israei's supply.

The statement contended that Palestinians could not be trusted to either meet future Israeli water needs or to properly manage the

(the West Bank) is not based on extremist fanaticism or religious mysticism, but on a rational, healthy and reasonable survival instinct," the ministry said.

Eitan has been uncompromising in his belief Israel must keep old Palestinian revolt.

His Tsomet party, part of the coalition constituting the most right-wing government in Israeli bistory, advocates moving Palestinian refugees under Israeli control to other Arab

nian refugees from past wars.

Israel's vulnerable and fragile source of life," it said.

U.S. troop build-up may reach 250,000

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Up to 250,000 U.S. ground troops could be deployed in Saudi Arabia in the face of a continued Iraqi military buildup in Kuwait, according to U.S. Defence Department sources and administration officials Thursday.

which was present before the Iraqi

The substance of the military's so-called "detail planning" came as the White House hinted at a possible naval blockade to choke off Iraq's oil exports in the face of its week-old invasion of Kuwait. U.S. Defence Department spokesman Pete Williams told

ment of troops continued Thursday and would take "many days" to complete.

reporters that the U.S. move-

ntends to deploy. However, an administration

we have to put over there as a

deterrent. For now, we're mar-

A Defence Department

source, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the United States was prepared to put "many divisions" in Sandi Arabia.

"We have contingency plans that could result in the insertion of up to 200,000 to 250,000 ground forces before it's all done," said this source, who spoke on condition of anonymity. Such a deployment could take up to 60 days to complete, the sources said.

Both sources said the future, deployment of U.S. forces depends upon Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's moves, as well as the response to Washington's call Williams declined to specify for international support in its the force level the United States quest to oust Iraq from Kuwaiti territory

Earlier in the day, the U.S. official, speaking privately, said. Defence Department reported "there's a certain minimum force that 50,000 combat units were

(Continued on page 5)

NATO endorses **American moves**

BRUSSELS (AP) — Some North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) allies said Friday they plan to contribute to an international military force in the Middle East to deter Iraq from further attacks, including fellow member.

Turkey. Some NATO members indicated they would participate individually rather than under the alliance flag in the Gulf, which is outside NATO territory.

U.S. Secretary of State James Baker addressed a meeting of the alliance's foreign ministers, in which he urged the allies to assemble an international force to deter Iraq from attacking Saudi Arabia and other countries. The United States and Britain

already have committed forces to the international operation. France is sending naval units that will operate side by side with the multinational force.

On Friday, West Germany said it will send ships to the Eastern Mediterranean while Italy, Canada and Belgium said they will make announcements in the next few days.

For its part, Denmark said it will make naval ships available to fill gaps left within the alliance by units that have been assigned to help defuse the crisis.

After the NATO meeting, Baker said the allies' actions showed "unmistakenable resolve and solidarity" to deter Iraq from attacking Saudi Arabia which has requested the formation of an international force.

He lauded the decisions by Italy. Spain and Portugal to make bases available to the United States to support deployment of U.S. troops which might total as many as 200,000.

(Continued on page 5)

On the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's accession to The Throne ARAB BANK has the honour to convey to HIS MAJESTY KING HUSSEIN its felicitations and most cordial wishes

EC team to visit Jordan, Egypt

BRUSSELS (R) - A delegation of three European Community (EC) foreign ministers will visit Jordan and Egypt next week to discuss the Gulf crists, Italian foreign minister Gianni de Michelia said Friday. He said the so-called EC troiks of ministers from italy, Ireland and Luxembourg, together with officials of the EC executive commission, 16. The EC delegation might also meet representatives of the Arab League and the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), he added. He

U.S. media kept

Saudi Press Agency

Iraq-bound

NEW YORK (AP) - U.S. Customs agents have impounded aircraft, missile and gun parts and computers, satellite equipment and other hardware bound-for Iraq or Kuwait in the New York area and Baltimore, officials said.

Norway, India stop tankers loading oil

ordered their tankers at Iraq's terminal on the Red Sea not to take on oil, shipping sources said Friday. No tankers are now loading at the Ma'ajjiz terminal for Iraq's crude export pipeline across Saudi Arabia, said sources contacted on ships at the terminal by satellite telephone. The reports indicate the United Nation, embargo on Iraqi oil exports and trade following Bashdad's inva-

were being complied with. Foreigners enter

Fifty Pakistanis and four Japanese crossed into Turkey from Iraq Friday, officials at Turkey's main border crossing of Habur said. It was not immediately clear if they had been in Kuwait during the Iraqi invasion last week. The Japanese said about 650 compatriots were working in Iraq. Six other fore-igners entered Turkey from Iraq Thursday. Diplomats from the U.S. and West German embassies were at Habor to meet any

Airlines: Fares

BRUSSELS (R) - Air fares on Iraq invaded Kuwait Aug. 2.

Gorbachev: Arabs should end crisis

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev said Friday that Arab states should resolve the Gulf crisis sparked by Iraq's take-over of Kuwait. Gorbachev told Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak in a message that the Soviet Union was alarmed by developments in the

region and was doing everything possible to ease tension.

"A very important role can be played in this common cause by the efforts of Arab countries. Perhaps this would even be most preferable," he said.

"In our understanding, the Arab League, as an influential regional organisation which has much experience in settling inter-Arab disputes, must actively take up the challenge caused by the conflict." he said.

Gorbachev said in his mess published by the official TASS news agency, that he welcomed an emergency Arab summit in the Egyptian capital of Cairo to discuss the crisis. "We believe Arab leaders will

do the maximum possible in this situation on which depends not only order and stability in the Gulf and relations between Arab states, but also - without exacgeration - the fate of international peace and security,"

Kuwait'a exiled emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, walked out of the summit Friday, leaving lower ranking officials to represent the country. No reason was given for his early departure.

Gorbachev wished the Egyptian leader success at the summit. but diplomats in the region said Mnbarak was struggling to keep the summit alive. There was no sign that Iraq was

prepared to compromise with other Arab leaders who want it to withdraw from Kuwait and restore its former rulers. The Soviet Union has called for

withdrawal from Kuwait, but it has so far resisted any use of military force outside the au-

spices of the United Nations. Gorbachev made clear that Moscow, for long Iraq's largest arms supplier, wanted Arab states to settle the conflict quickly without any military involvement by the superpowers.

localised and settled, gathers momentum like a stone falling from a rocky cliff," he said. We believe that this is how events on the eastern flank of the Arab World are developing." He said there was nothing anti-Iraqi in the Soviet position. Mos-

cow has called for a prompt with-

"A crisis in inter-state rela-

tions, unless it is immediately

drawal of troops by Iraq and halted arms supplies to its former "We strived to help Iraq-find a way out of the situation it found itself in with minimum losses." The Soviet leader made only a passing reference to the deployment of U.S. troops and combat aircraft in Saudi Arabia. "The crisis has worsened prompting the Saudi Arabian leadership to request the U.S. government to

deploy U.S. army and aviation units," he said. Gorbaehev said he would maintain contacts with Mubarak and other Arab leaders "to jointseek a chance to put out the fire in the Gulf." Soviet Foreign Minister, Eduard Shevardnadze and U.S.

Secretary of State James Baker discussed the crisis by telephone earlier Friday. A senior Soviet Naval officer also said Moscow was prepared to evacuate its citizens stranded by the crisis in the region.

Soviet Foreign Ministry offi-

cials issued a statement on Thurs-

day condemning Iraq and accus-

ing Baghdad of aggression.

control of W. Bank water TEL AVIV (R) - Israel's gov- said Israel would need increasing amounts of water and control was too crucial to leave in Palestinian

> limiting factor on the country's The call for permanent control

> Some 50,000 Soviet Jews arrived in the first half of the year and the Jewish Agency that handles immigration predicted 150,000

Israel draws most of its fresh

"It is important to realise that

control over Judea and Samaria

all land occupied in 1967. Last month he proposed attacking agriculture in the occupied territories to weaken the 32-month-

countries. The agriculture ministry statement reflected Eitan's views. warning that Israel had to control the occupied territories to prevent the return of other Palesti-

"Such a wave of povertystricken humanity would generate an impossible strain on the already over-stretched water supply and madequate sewerage system, endangering even further

Israel is already fully exploiting all its renewable fresh water re-

Palestinians support Iraq, hit U.S. 'double standard'

(Agencies) - The leading activist steps." in the occupied territories says Palestinians are angry about U.S. military action in the Gulf and of frustration. accuses Washington of using a "double standard" with the Arabs.

draw from Kuwait, why not ask Israel to withdraw from the West Bank." Baghdad-horn Faisal Hussein said in an interview.

Husseini's comments underscore the wave of sympathy . for Iraqi President Saddam Hussein among the 1.7 million Palestinians in the occupied territories.

Only a few expressed fears of being hurt if Iraq made good on threats to attack Israel with chemical weapons.

Many Palestinians hail Saddam as a hero for flexing his muscles against the world's superpowers at a time when they are fighting a seemingly hopeless battle against Israeli rule.

In the 32-month nprising, 727 Palestinians were killed by Israeli soldiers and civilians, and another 246 were slain as suspected collaborators by fellow Arabs. Forty-seven Israelis also have been slain.

"Israelis are behaving like thugs in this area, and so now Saddam is telling them "you are not the only ones who can control things," said Ahmad Abu Salom, 39, a Palestinian actor in Jeru-

A local Palestinian faction sympathetic to Syria, called the Popular Struggle Front and headed hy Jerusalemite Samir Ghosheh. published a leaflet Thursday comparing Saddam's actions to their protests against Israel.

The Arab masses and the children of the stones are now hoping to see victory through said the leaflet. "We express full support and solidarity

Husseini, 50, said Palestinian support for Iraq was largely a sign

The United States has failed to exert effective pressure to prevent Israeli heavy-handed policies against Palestinians, hnt came swiftly to the defence of oil-rich Kuwait, he noted.

"Okay, the United States sends forces to force Iraq to withdraw from Kuwait. Very good. You are the police in the area. So why not do the same thing with Israel?" said Husseini.

"So what you are seeing is a reaction of anger at the United States." he added.

"It is not that the Palestinians support the regime in Iraq or believe in Saddam Hussein's ideology, but because they believe there is a double standard in the area." Husseini said.

Husseini spent about a year of the uprising in jail without trial on allegations of activism. Since his release in 1989 he has emerged as a popular leader and has been hroached as a possible peace negotiator.

His father, Ahdul Kader Huseini, was a Palestinian war hero who was killed leading fighters against the emerging state of Israel in April 1948.

Husseini said he felt the Gulf crisis "must be solved without letting foreign forces interfere." An opinion survey of Israeli Arah citizens in Galilee also indi-

cated strong support for Iraq. The poll, in which 208 people were questioned by telephone, showed 62 per cent supported Irac's invasion of Kuwait and 69 per cent considered Saddam a national hero. Fifteen per cent

felt he was mad and irrational. Pro-Iraqi and anti-American sentiments were also prominent in editorials run by Palestinian-

Arab Jernsalem. "It would be better for the Saudis to seek the opinions of the sages before seeking help from enemies," wrote the Al Nahar

daily.
"The language of escalation by
the United States means dragging the entire region into a brutal war," wrote the Al Quds news-

But some Palestinians also expressed concern that Iraqi missiles fired at Israel could hit the occupied territories. The population centres of the West Bank and Gaza Strip are within a few kilometres of Israeli territory.

Al Quds urged restraint by all parties, warning that anyone could be victim of "weapons of modern technology."

The road of diplomacy is still not exhausted. We are hoping the world will choose it," it added.

Arafat and crisis

Gulf Palestinians disagree over whether Palestinain leader Yasser Arafat was right to sympathise with Iraq's invasion of Kuwait but many Gulf Arab nationals are angry, accusing him of ingratitude for their financial help.

"He is ungrateful... He gets money from Iraq but most of his funds come from the Gulf states," said a United Arab Emirates government official in one of a series of Reuter interviews.

While most Arab states have condemned Iraq's invasion on Aug. 2, Palestine Liberation Organistion (PLO) leader Arafat has avoided doing so.

Knwait is home to ahout 350,000 Palestimans, almost half the Gulf-hased Palestinian population, and was the biggest donor to PLO funds after Sandi

Iraq-Kuwait merger 'eternal, irreversible'

UNITED NATIONS (R) -Following are excerpts from the speech of Iraq's United Nations ambassador at Thursday's U.N. Security Council meeting after the vote to declare Knwait's merger with Iraq null and void. He spoke in Arabic. Translation is unoffi-

Ambassador Abdul Amir A. Al Anhari: Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones, especially into their neighbour's homes. The United States of America 45 years ago dropped the atomic bomh on two Japanese cities, killing innocent people in the course of that operation.

Some weeks ago this august conneil met Geneva to debate the protection of women and children in occupied Arah territories resulting from Israel's action. The American delegation, however, didn't hesitate to exercise its veto to prevent the adoption of that resolntion. They are not the only ones because there are other delegations as well who in the past dealt with Security Council resolutions without giving due to international legitima-

My government officially stated that it would undertake the withdrawal of Kuwaiti forces August 5 this year and that withdrawal has begun. Nevertheless some international circles did not want to deal with this peaceful operation and therefore serious

pressure was placed on the international community. There was diplomatic pressure; threats against my country and those actions made it impossible to carry out that with-

Mr. President, the allega-

tions wherehy Iraq is seizing a brotherly Arab country are without foundatious, whatsoever. Iraq at a very high level has denied those allegations and has repeated that it respected the territorial integrity of all Arah states, including the hrotherly country of Sandi Arabia. Nevertheless, military intervention in the region is the factor for instability there. When the security council adopted its Resolution 661 (on sanctions) members were saving that the imposition of economic measures should not be a pretext for unilateral military measures on the part of a foreign state with regard to this issue. Nonetheless a member of the Security Council trampled on that resolution and did undertake military measures, unilateral ones, and they are the factor for instability in the region at this time.

Mr. President, the Revolutionary Council in Iraq, which is the supreme authority of our country, adopted an important resolution...the Iraqi Revolutionary Command stated that the former colonisers did not leave onr region without undertaking tasks. The Arab

Nation in the past was one indivisible. After independence gained by the Arab states numerous countries in the region were the result of cutting up the geography of that particular region by the colonisers. The colonisers redrew the geopolitical map of the region states, thus splintering, and indeed did split, the Arab Nation had made it hard for them to speak in a unified voice. The colonisers succeeded in

that undertaking. They trans-

formed the Arab Nation into

22 Arab states or countries...

There was a part of that area dear to Iraq, namely Kuwait, which was thus separate from it. And it also was the area of strategic access for our country. The colonisers did not hesitate to do in Iraq what they did in other countries of the region. And that is why the Iraqi Revolutionary Command Council decided to restore to our country that portion taken away from it. And so it made an eternal unity, an indestructible unity of our country. And that has the same value today. We believe this in Iraq and we now have a territorial community which has emerged from that.

In conclusion my government reaffirms that the unity between Iraq and Kuwait in as indestructible one. It is eternal and irreversible.

U.S. 'reassures' Israel

newspaper reported Friday that the United States had vowed to launch a full military strike against Iraq if that country attacked Israel.

The U.S. assurance was part of message sent by U.S. Defence Secretary Richard Cheney to his Israeli connterpart, Moshe Arens, the mass-circulation Hadashot daily said in an unattributed report.

Chency reportedly told Arens that an Iraqi attack on Israel would be seen as direct aggression against the United States. and that Washington would respond with a full military strike. Defence ministry spokesman Dan Naveh did not return several

U.S. embassy spokesman Don Cofman would not refer to specifics, saying only that "U.S. support for Israel is well known. On Wednesday, Iraq said it would attack Israel if the Americans lannched a military strike in

telephone messages Friday.

In another development, Israeli Foreign Minister David

By Alan Elsner

WASHINGTON -- The United

States said Thursday Iraq had

made it clear it would not allow

the vast majority of foreigners

In what appeared to be an

ominous turn in a growing crisis,

State Department spokesman

Richard Boucher said official Ira-

gi explanations of the status of

foreigners had become more pre-

cisely stated within the past 24

the kind of breakdowns and the

explanations that we're getting on

various kinds of people are more

precise and more defined at this

ment of Iraq continues to be that

diplomats may leave hut that

private foreigners are not able to

It was the first time Iraq had

specified it intended to hold the

The United States has stu-

diously avoided describing the

detainees as "hostages" so as not

to inflame the situation. Boucher

described 38 Americans being

held under armed guard at Bagh-

dad's Rashid Hotel as being "se-

But across the United States.

yellow ribbons were being tied to

trees in the home towns of de-

tainees, reminscent of the 1979-

foreigners within its borders.

The position of the govern-

point," Boucher said.

do so," he said.

questered."

"Some of the statements and

within its borders to leave.

Renter

has lead the Americans to revise their assessment of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict as the key source of instability in the Middle

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's right-wing government has long argued that Israel cannot make peace with the Palestinians unless it also negotiates a settlement with its Arab neighbours.

"This justified Israeli claim is being accepted now by the United States," Levy said. "The secretary cited in his letter to me that there cannot be peace withont peace with the Arab countries. This is progress."

Some Israeli bberals see this position as a pretext to get out of talks with the Palestinians, because the chance for peace negotiations with Arab governments is remote.

Until recently, Israel has been under great pressure from Baker to open negotiations with a occupied West Bank and Gaza

Shamir's government has re-

444 days in the Tehran embassy.

In a number of meetings with

Iraqi officials, Boucher said it

appeared foreigners in Iraq had

been classified by the authorities

- 38 Americans being held at Baghdad's Rashid Hotel and 130

other foreigners at other hotels

who were under armed guard and

been resident in Iraq for 30 days

or more. They required exit visas

to leave and Iraqi authorities

visas who did not require exit

visas. Some of these had suc-

the Iraqi authorities said could

leave after a seven-day waiting

period to process travel permits.

Bnt when 10 U.S. embassy de-

pendents tried to cross the Jorda-

nian border Thursday, they were

turned back even though they

"They were turned back by

Iraqi officials at the border, but

subsequently, the Foreign Minis-

try in Baghdad has notified us

that they will be permitted to

cross," Boucher said, adding that

they would prohably not make

another attempt until on Friday.

Swissair vehicles waited in no-

81 Iranian hostage crisis when collect 109 passengers who had

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Iran held 52 U.S. diplomats for driven from Baghdad.

had the necessary permits.

Diplomats and dependents

ceeded in leaving the country.

were not issuing any.

Other foreigners who had

People in Iraq on visitors'

unable to leave hotel grounds.

Iraq will not allow most

in four categories:

TEL AVIV (AP) - An Israeli Levy said Friday the Gulf crisis fused, balking at the proposed inclusion of Palestinian residents of Arab Jerusalem.

The current Gulf crisis has relegated the Israeli-Palestinian conflict to the back burner, but opposition leader Shimon Peres said it was a mistake to delay negotiations any longer.

This great joy that the issue of the Palestinians has been postponed for a few months, doesn't seem appropriate," said Peres, leader of the Labour Party.

Peres said now was the time to open negotiations with the Palestinians since, he contended, they were rapidly losing international sympathy following their support for Iraq.

Levy and Defence Minister Moshe Arens reassured the public that Israel could deter any Iraqi attack and denied it had any role to play in U.S. military pressure against the Arab state.

"I believe there is some sort of Palestinian delegation from the fantasy here," Levy told Israel radio when pressed to explain Israel's low profile in the U.S.

tier, after Iraqi authorities told

them no foreigners were being

and few non-Western foreigners

continued to arrive at

Hundreds of Arab nationals

Boucher said there were 580

Americans in Baghdad and some

3.000 in Knwait who were

apparently unable to leave. Most

of the 38 at the Rashid Hotel

were rounded up in Kuwait and

bussed to Baghdad. They in-

cluded passengers of a British

Airways plane which was refuell-

ing in Knwait when the invasion

The kind of explanations we

get are that it's related to the fact

that they were sensitive areas in

Kuwait before they came out,'

He said U.S. diplomats had

joined with those of other coun-

tries in a representation to the

Iraqi Foreign Ministry. U.S. di-plomats had separately seen an

Iraq had assured the United

States foreigners would not be

barmed and Boucher said Amer-

icans had not heen subject to

Iraq's Ambassador in Washing-

Thursday to hear yet another

refused to speak to reporters on

Iraqi vice foreign minister.

allowed to leave Iraq.

Raweished:

happened.

Boucher said.

Witnesses at the Iraqi-Jorda- ton Mohamed Al Mashat was nian border said Thursday four called to the State Department

man's land for four hours to protest about the situation. He

his way out.

foreigners to leave, U.S. says

They returned empty to Jordan's Ruweished border post, 70 kilometres from the actual fron-

Iran confirms indirect contacts with U.S.

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iran confirmed Friday it had held contacts about the Gulf-crisis with a diplomat representing Washington's interests in Tehran.

But it demed what it said was a U.S. State Department report of an exchange of messages between the two governments.

A Foreign Ministry official in Tehran said the Swiss ambassador, who represents U.S. interests, "had offered certain viewpoints in relation to Iraq's invasion of Knwait."

The official, quoted by the Iranian news agency IRNA said the Foreign Ministry restated its position. But he emphasised that no messages had been exchanged between Tehran and Washington in the past few days.

Iran, at war with Iraq from 1980-88, has fiercely criticised the invasion and demanded no change to Kuwait's borders. But it also opposes any superpower deployment in the region.

The United States is rushing troops, ships and aircraft to the region ostensibly to protect Sandi Arabia from any Iraqi attack.

Officials travelling with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker suggested Thursday that Syria and Iran might make unspecified military moves to help deter

"Keep an eye on what Syna and Iran do in terms of deployment," one official advised without elaboration.

At Tehran's mass Friday. prayers, top judge Ayatollah Mohammad Yazdi said outside intervention could not resolve the

Gulf crisis. "The problem should be solved by the governments of the region. Iraq must quickly recall its forces and submit to international reg-

ulations," he said. Yazdi, in a sermon broadcast on Tehran Radio, said Baghdad's seizure of Knwait had "damaged trust" in Iran-Iraq peace talks but the negotiations should continue.

A State Department spokesman said Wednesday that Washington was seeking help from Iran and Syria, two countries the United States has previously denounced for encouraging "terrorism." in forcing an Iraqi withdrawal.

He said messages had been exchanged with the Iranian gov-

The administration of President Hashemi Rafsanjani, which is known to favour good ties with the West and the United States, is locked in a power struggle with hardliners for whom anti-American sentiment is a cornerstone of the 1979 Islamic revolu-

Sheikh Sabah, in heated debate with Aziz, collapses

CAIRO (AP) — The foreign minister in the deposed Kuwaiti government collapsed Friday as he argued with Iraqi officials over . their army's invasion of his coun-

The nature of Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Jaber's sudden illness, which occurred during an emergency Arab League summit, was unclear. But conference sources said the attack, and the early departure from the summit of the ousted emir. Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, threw the Kuwaiti delegation into disarray.

President Hosni Mubarak called the summit to consider an .. Arab League response to the takeover by one of its member, Iraq, of another, Kuwait.

Foreign ministers of the 20 Arab League countries at the summit were discussing a draft resolution to be presented to their chiefs of staff when the 60-year-old foreign minister was stricken.

A conference source said Iraq roreign Minister Tared Aziz strongly dissented from the draft's provisions critical of Iraq and vowed not to budge on Baghdad's positions.

During a shouting match with ter said.

the Iragis, the source said, Sheikh Sabah collapsed and was taken to his nearby hotel. Doctors were

The Middle East News Agency said that he later felt better and returned to the meeting.

The deposed emir-left Cairo before the draft was handed up for discussion by the chiefs of

state and heads of delegation. His early departure prompted some reports that he had walked out of the conference. But the sources, who refused to be quoted by name, flatly denied

at. "His departure was not a walkout, but the emir wanted to spare himself the embarrassment of an expected Iraqi diatibe against him during discussions over the drafts one source said

Sheikh Jaber looked extremely fatigued when he arrived for the summit on Thursday. He wept as the Kuwait national anthem was played.

A pool reporter who saw him before Mubarak opened the summit on Friday said the Kuwaiti seemed dejected and looked haggard. "He looked terribly depressed and appeared as though be was near collapse," the repor-

Half million foreigners caught in Gulf crisis

LONDON (Agencies) - Hundreds of thousands of foreigners, from rich Western executives to Filipina maids, are stuck in Kuwait and Iraq as potential pawns in the Gulf crisis.

Sixty per cent of Kuwait's two million residents are non-Kuwaiti, predominantly Asians and Arabs employed mainly as labourers or

Lebanese, Bangladeshis and Indians alone account for about 300,000, according to government figures compiled by Reuters. There are also large numbers of Jordanians, Palestinians, Pakistanis an Filipinos.

A relatively small number of Americans and Europeans from both East and West are unable to get out. Those in Kuwait include 1,000

United States and Britain each have 3.000 nationals, working mainly as petroleum engineers and executives. Thailand has 7.000 workers in the emirate.

Poland, Bulgaria and the Soviet Union have more than 5,000 citizens in Iraq working as technicians and military advisers. Britian is watching the fate of

2.000 citizens in Iraq and the United States is trying to account for 580 Americans there. West Germany has to look

after about 900 citizens in Kuwait and Iraq. France has some 400 in the two countries, Ireland 350, Sweden 160, Spain more than 200, and Italy about 500.

Steady exodus

Many foreigners in the Gulf

Poles and 360 Bulgarians. The region, a third of the population of 18 million, are sending their families away but sitting tight themselves as tension builds. They face a dilemma: If they

leave, they risk never regaining

the lucrative jobs for which they left their homes. If they remain, they may come to regret it. "Our daughter was more im-

portant. I have sent Kokila home this morning," said George Jacobs of his Indian wife reporter, with their daughter. In Dubai in the southern Gulf,

contingency plans for employees have been drawn up this week, according to top executives of those companies who did not want to be named.

There was more panic, understandably, among the foreign communities in the Eastern Pro-

vince of Saudi Arabia, especially after U.S. airborne troop deployments were announced. The Gulf-side part of the king-

dom is where the American forces are landing, albeit in the northernmost desert corner of the province. The northern edge of the province is Khafji, where massed Saudi and American troops face the Iragis.

Many fear not so much gun and missile fire, but the chemical weapons — including World War I-style mustard gas - reportedly readied by Iraqi for the confrontation.

Dhahran, sister city to Al Khobar and Dammam, is the oil centre of the kingdom and houses the Saudi Arabian Oil Co. complex. The company has 38,000 employees. Of the 26,000 to

28,000 Americans in Saudi Arabia, the Eastern Province has about 20,000.

News that U.S. embassies were advising Americans to leave or that American, British and other Europeans were evacuating their families to safer place enhanced the tension.

Panic buying of dollars started. Banks reported heavy withdrawals of cash and large-scale transfers abroad.

Hundreds of people line up at the munigration office in Dammam and Al Khobar to get exit and re-entry visas to leave the kingdom. Saudi law stipulates that a foreigner who works in the kingdom has to have an exit and re-entry visa to travel and later return.

MARKET PRICES

.... Damason, Paris (AF)

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

15:30	
15:40	
15:45	Educational programme
12-00	News Summary
18:10	
20:00	
20:30	
21:30	
21:50	Local programme
23:09	News in Arabic
23:10	
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..... Le Monde Est a Vous

. News in French

News in Hebrer News in Arabic

. Joint Account

News in English

Classic Music

PRAYER TIMES

20:00 20:30 21:00

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CHORCHES	
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfleb, Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785.	
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Amounciation Tel. 637440.	
De la Saile Church Tol. 661757 Terrananta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541.	
Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.	
Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel.	
775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Annuau International Church Tel.	
685326.	

Normal summer weather will prevail and winds will be northwesterly mod-erate. In Aqaba, winds will be norther-ly moderate and seas calm.

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	Church of the Amusiciation 7 637440.
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	775261.
	St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Ammen International Church 7
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	CAMPAGE PROPERTY CONTRA

WEATHER

Saints Tel. 815817, 654932

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leh, Tel.

Amman 19 / 31	
Agaba 26 / 39	
Deserts 19 / 36	
Jordan Valley 24 / 38	
Yesterday's high temperatures: Am- man 30, Aquba 38, Hunaldity readings: Amman 26 per cent, Aqaba 21 per cent.	
USEFUL TELEPHONE	
NUMBERS	
NIGHT DUTY	
AMMAN: Dr. Anwer Musa Al Hej 771020	
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Dr. Abdul Hadi Tayyon 620115

and Khalif . LJT. Maintoud Khali (985238) Al Sharazi pharmacy (985238)

Fires pharmacy

Al Asema pharmacy

Nairoukh oharmacy

EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Rescue 630341 Civil Defeace Emergency 199

Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777
Fire Brigade 99122
Blood Bank 77512
Highway Police 84340
Traffic Police
Public Security Department 63032
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints
Price Complaints 661170
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Amman Municipality
Complaints 787111
Telephone Information
(directory assistance) 121
Overseas Calls
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Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623101
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan 774111
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Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power 636381 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS

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AMMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amo	
Airileh Maternity, J. Amm	642441/2
Jahal Amman Maternity	642367
Malhas, J. Amman	03014U
Palestine, Shmeisani	664173/4
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
Theresian Thereian	046046
University Hospital	
Al-Mussher Hospital	667227/ 9
The Islamic, Abdali	
Al-Ahli, Abdali	
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/26
Acrey, Marka	
Atmy, marka	032011/13
Queen Alia Hospital	802240/50
Amal Hospital	674155
ZAROA:	

Zarga Govt, Hospital	. (U9)983323
Zarga National Hospital .	. (09)991071
The Cine Lieuwith	2001006722
Ibo Sina Hospital	. (<i>V2)</i> 200/32

Princes Bassa Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 **POR THE TRAVELLER**

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

•	
15:45	Singapore, Kuala Lampur (RJ)
10:00	
10:15	Aqaba (RJ)
19:20	
18£30	New Delhi (RJ)
10:30	Cairo (R.I)

....... Tripoli (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Cairo (MS) 13:25 Riyadh (SU) 14:35 Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF) 15:55 Rouse (AZ) Paris, Damascus (AF) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

.... Amsterdam, New York No. London (Rif 13:15 Rome, Paris (R.F Bahrain R. Z1:10

.... Abs Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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Jordanians express support for Iraq, anger over foreign intervention in area

By Marians M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

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TICE

AMMAN — Jordanians on Friday continued to express anger over American and foreign intervention in the Middle East with thousands of people gathered at a local mosque, chanting anti-American slogams and burning U.S., British and Israeli flags amid calls for holy war against those who trespass on or attack Arab and Islamic lands.

Between eight and ten thousand people gathered in and around the University of Jordan Mosque after Friday prayers to take part in a political raily organised by the local leadership of the Muslim Brotherhood movement to condemn American and foreiso intervention in the region. Although organised by the Brotherbood, people with different political persuasions and groups took part in the

The Friday prayers were marked by political speeches condemning America, Zionism and those who promote their interests in the region. The banners outside the mosque condemned "the agents who have allowed America and the Zionists in the holy lands."

"Death to treacherous leaders," shouted the crowd, as one of the speakers asked from. the podium: "Is America going to protect the holy shrinese of

Mohammad Abdul Rahman Khalifeh, the leader of the Muslim Brotherhood in Jordan as well as two Brotherhooddeputies Mohammed Qteish Azaiden and Mohammed Abu

Faris addressed the rally. While the rally was held to condemn foreign intervention and "the agents of America and Zionism" in the area, some participants took the opportunity to voice support for Iraqi leader Saddam Hus-



from Friday's demonstration held at the University of Jordan's Mosque (Photo by Yousef Al

sein and bis take-over nf Knwait

Speakers addressing the rally were frequently interrupted by groups in the crowd that chanted pro-Saddam slogans and held up enlarged photo-graphs of the Iraqi leader. "May God be with Sad-

dam," and "may God give Saddam strength," chanted the They were quickly quieted

down by Brotherhood and official security forces which attempted to keep the crowd

Public Security officials diverted traffic from the University of Jordan bridge in an apparent attempt to avoid further congestion along the University road which was lined with cars on both sides.

Brotherhood members and supporters were more opposed to the U.S. deployment of forces in Saudi Arabia than enthusiastic in their support for the Iraci leader. "We are here to condemn foreign inteference and intervention in internal Arab and Islamic affairs. We are not here to voice support for Saddam Hussein. said Yousef Khasawneh, a Muslim Brotherhood deputy in Parliamenr who was attending

Although the Muslim

Brotherbood has historically been very supportive of the Saudi Arabian government, Khasawneh and the Brotherhood members who beld the podium were openly critical of the recent decision by the government in Riyadh to allow American troops to enter Saudi territory.

In an emntional speech which created an atmosphere of frenzy both inside and outside the mosque, Khalifeh asked: "Is America interested in protecting the boly places of Islam or is it there (in Saudi Arabia) to protect its oil interests?

The crowds answered by ebanting: "Death to the traitors of Islam."

Khasawneh, a deputy from Irbid, went as far as accusing the Saudi government of fearing an "uprising" from its own

"The Sandi royal family has allowed the American soldiers into the holiest land of Islam to protect itself from the will of its people and the Muslims in the world. They have realised that we all know now that they have sold Mecca and Medina to the Americans and the Zionists," Khasawneb told the Jordan Times, as a crowd gathered tn

During their speeches, Kha-

Jordan celebrates 38th anniversary of King Hussein's accession to throne with the occupied West Bank

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan Saturday eclebrates the 38th anniversary of His Majesty King Hussein's accession to the throne.

On Aug. 11, 1952, the then 12 year old Prince became King of lordan, continuing the march of the Great Arab Revolt against backwardness, colonialism and gnorance.

In celebrating the anniversary, lordanians take pride in the comprehensive development which covered all aspects of life and which placed Jurdan in the furefront of the region's countries.

The great and intensive efforts made by King Hussein in contain the financial and economic crisis which the country has passed through give confidence in the strength of the Jordanian eco-

The principles King Hussein has delineated for the government's performance are a translation of the approach which can really fulfill the people's aspirations restoring the economical balance and modernising the ndministrative apparatus, enhancing bases of social justice and fighting corruption.
The King has also been keen

nn safeguarding democracy and bas therefore encouraged dialogue between the citizens and officials and restored parliamen-

special commission to draft a ment and consensus among Arab legal and administrative relations



national charter, based on the Jordanian constitution and the principles of the Great Arab Re-

The anniversary finds King Hussein deeply involved in efforts to prompte the Palestinian cause and to support the Palestinian uprising.

At pan-Arab level, the King The King has also formed a has succeeded in achieving agree-

leaders, and bas done every possible effort to fulfill the aspirations of the Arab Nation in providing a bright future for the Arab citizen.

He contributed effectively to the formation of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC), which groups Jurdan, Iraq, Egypt and

His historic decision to sever

gave a new impetus to the Palestinian uprising which Jordan has fully supported at all levels. The decision constituted a

turning point in the history of Arab Israeli conflict, because it implied that the United States and Israel should deal directly with the Palestinian people in search for a solution to their problem.

The King bas also supported Iraq in its eight-year war with Iran and is now making every possible effort at both national and pan-Arab level to defuse the current tension between Iraq and Kuwait and to prevent the internationalisating of the inter-Arab

On the occasion, King Hussein received several congratulatory cables from senior government officials. The cables, expressed congratulations on the occasion, recalling some of the King's pan-Arab stands and his untiring efforts to achieve the welfare and the interest of the whole Arab

The cables were sent by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Speakers of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, Chief Islamie Justice, Amman mayor, Army chief of staff, director of the Public Security, Civil Defence and General Intelligence Depart-

Youth forum praises King

voiced appreciation of His Majesty King Hussein and praised the sincere and dedicated efforts be has been making to safeguard Arab unity and solidarity.

In a statement issued Friday, the AYF hailed King Hussein's adherence to the constant Arab principles in dealing with the Arab cause.

The forum recalled the dangers which bave faced the whole Arah Nation throughout its long his-

AMMAN (Petra) — The Arab tory and the sacrifices made by Ynuth Fnrum (AYF) Friday the Arab nobles, headed by the King's forefathers of Bani Hashem, who defended the Arab identity and contributed to enhancing the meanings of freedam, independence and sovereignty of the Arab home-

> The statement called on the Arab leaders to address the situation in the Arab Gulf and to find a pan-Arab solution to it, thus safeguarding Arab dignity and

preventing any foreign interference in the Arab affairs. The statement reminded the Arab leaders that their decisive

decisions would shape the future of the Arab Nation and its his-

"The Arab generations will cause for a while before each line, to see for themselves who contributed to their welfare and happiness or misery, before pronouncing their final say about any Arab leader," the statement said.

The forum expressed hope that Arab leaders would be able to find a historical solution to the Arab Gulf crisis.

The statement reminded Arab leaders that Israel was waiting for such an opportunity to implement its bostile and expansionist plans.

The statement appealed to Arab and Muslim nations to be extremely careful about the plots and conspiracies hatched against them and called on them to rally their forces to foil all such plots.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Ministry issues book on martyrs

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Culture is publishing a book documenting the lives and the work of Jordanian martyrs in-Palestine. The book will feature detials of martyrs who fell in the fight against the Zionist invasion since the beginning of the 20th century until 1967, a ministry official said. He said the book contains valuable information about battles that took place in Palestine. -

Zarqa voices support for King

ZARQA (Petra) — Representatives of public and private organisations, professional unions and other dignitaries in the Zarqa Governorate have voiced their total support for His Majesty King Hussein for his attempts to prevent foreign domination on Arab lands. In interviews with the Jordan News Agency, Petra, the representatives pledged continued allegiance to the King and backing for his efforts to resolve inter Arab differences through Arab mediation.

Hotels offer discount to Kuwaitis

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Tourism Monday issued a decision asking all classified hotels in Jordan to give a 50 per cent discount for all Kuwain citizens. The decision, which comes in implementation of Prime Minister Mudar Badran's directives to present all possible facilities to Kuwaitis in the Kingdom will be effective as of Friday, Aug. 10.

Jordan to take part in Damascus fair

DAMASCUS (Petra) — Jordan will take part in Damascus International fair which will be held on Aug. 28. Taking part, in addition to Jordan, will be mine Arab countries, including Libya, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Egypt, Lebanon, Yemen, Palestine, Oman and Tunisia.

Egyptian cameraman injured at rally

AMMAN (R) — An Egyptian cameraman working for VIS-NEWS, the international television news agency, was attacked while filming a Moslim fundamentalist raily in Amman on Friday, colleagues said. They said people in the crowd beard Mohammed Fahmi, 41, speaking to his soundman in an Egyptian accent and began insulting him and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak. One man pushed Fahmi's camera into his eye causing internal injuries. Fahmi could still see through the eye but had double vision. Colleagues said they hoped to fly him back to Cairo for treatment later on Friday. The Muslim Brotherhood rally took place after noon prayers at Jordan University Mosque to protest the U.S. intervention in the Gulf following Iraq's invasion and annexation of Kuwait. Mubarak opened an Arab summit in Cairo on Friday with a plea for an Iraqi withdrawal from Knwait, saying Arabs had a choice between solving the issue themselves or foreign intervention over which they would have no control.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- & Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zara displaying paintings, sculptures and hand-painted fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Rescuthal (9:36-1:30 and 3:36-6:30).
- ★ Exhibition of paintings by 10 Iraqi artists at the Jordan Plastic
 Art Association Gallery.

Children's camp-chance to make friends, learn new things One remarkable feature of with disability of speech but

By Jonmana Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - A bright smile lit up the face of eight, year-old Khaled Zoon when nsked whether he was happy to he away from home for three weeks at a summer camp, "Of course, I am," he said. "The p gives us the chance to meet good friends and we can play and also learn new

Khaled was among the 480 children who attended a snmmer camp organised by the Young Men's Christian Association (YMCA) with help from the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-

The summer eamp, an annual event since 1973, brings together children from the 12 Palestinian refugee camps in

Jordan and creates a totally different atmosphere, an air of cordiality and togetherness and, above all, a sense of belonging, according to camp officials.

lifeb. Azaideh and Abu Faris

frequently spoke about past

conflicts between the west and

who tald the Europeans to put

aside their differences to seek

out the milk and honey in the

Near East? Well today the

West is here to seek our oil and

suppress our people," Khalifeh

During the rally marked

Brotherhood youths stepped

nn and then burned the Amer-

ican, British and Israeli flags

As the Israeli flag burned enthusiasm heightened and the

crowd began chanting in n

frenzy "with our soul and

blood we redeem you nh Sad-

dam," Soon a larger crowd

replaced the name "Saddam"

In another development, a

public rally for supporting Iraq

was beld in Maan Friday.

Several representatives of pub-

lic sectors in Maan delivered

speeches in which they ex-

pressed support for Iraq's lead-

They expressed their rejec-

tion of any foreign intervention

in Arab affairs. Speakers at the

rally called the Arab leaders to

contain the crisis and find the

proper solution for it within

ership and people.

the Arab context.

on the roof of the mosque.

"Do you remember the pope

the Muslim world.

told the crowd.

with "Islam."

The children, all orphans (priority given to those who have lost their father), are drawn into a three-week programme full of activities aimed "building their personalities," according to Alexander Ghammash, representative of the world alliance of the

This year's camp was held between July 8 and Aug. 3 and the 480 children attending it "graduated" Friday and re-ceived certificates from Dr. Raouf Abu Jaber, head of the YMCA in Jordan.

"This is a pioneering project," Abu Jaber told the Jordan Times. "I hope there would be more encouragement to this kind of activities which aim at helping some of the most deprived in the society."

According to Ali Abbas, director of the camp, the children are selected from students in the age group of seven to 13 from various UNRWA schools in Jordan. "Of course, there are buodreds of other children in the camps who want to come," he said. "But because of our limitations we can take only up to 500."

Each participant is taken in for a maximum of five camps and "most of them later want to become "valunteers and counsellors at the camp," he told the Jordan Times.

"I would like to be a volunteer for the camp when I grow up," said Ali Mousleh, 13. "It is very nice. I am very happy here with some new friends and there are a lot of opportunities to learn."

the participants in the camp is that most of them are doing very well in school. Among some of the children Khaled, who goes to an UNRWA school in Bequa camp, has an average grade of 93 per cenr. Kifaya has 88 per cent, and Nuha has 85 per cent.

with an ever-present dazzling smile, said she was not doing very well in school with only 75 per cent. But, she hastened to add, "this camp is a new experience to me. Everyone is so nice and helpful." "I like the bandierafts classes and I did and learnt so many new

Huda Yousef, a polio victim

things," she said. Hnda was among 19 disabled ebildren whn attended this year's camp - for the first time since 1973. The Jurdan Times talked to at least five such children, four of them

communicating through a signlanguage teacher. All of them said they were "unhappy" at the camp since "it is so different from home." The teacher explained that it was the first time any one of them had been away from their homes, where they get "special treatment' from the family. But all of them were unanimous that the camp had provided them with

new friends. "For three weeks, they are in a different world," explained Ghammash. "Some of them might be getting some of the things the camps offer for the first time in their life," he said. "There are activities to suit almost everyone, in additinn to outings to amusement

parks and other sites." The camp, which cost about JD 15,000 this year, was held at the UNRWA's Vocational Training Centre at Naour. The bulk of the contribution came in the form of donations from the YMCA and individuals and commercial organisations in addition to facilities offered by UNRA and other United Nations agencies.

Attending the camp is not the end of the story far participants. They also attend weekly follow-up programmes at their respective centres. According to Ghammash, these programmes are designed to nurture the abilities of the children in all fields.

"Here they learn selfreliance, discipline, leadership requirements, comradeship and a sense of identity," he said. "In the follow-up programme these abilities are developed with a view to making them capable of contributing positively to the society."

Potash sales register a 6% increase in 1990

KARAK (J.T.) - The Arab Potash Company (APC) sold 732,702 tonnes of potash mainly to countries in South-East Asia during the first six months of 1990, registering a six per cent increase over the same period of last year and 39 per cent over the APC's proposed plans, according to the company's deputy manag-ing director Nasser Al Saadoun.

Apart from countries in Asia, mainly China and India which import most of the potash, Saadown said Jordan sells the product to several Arab and European nations. Last April, APC's managing

director Ali Ensour made a tour

of a number of Asian nations and

announced later that the com-

The source expressed concern

over the American and interna-

tween Iraq and Kuwait. They want "to give themselves the

Arab issues.

world policies."

Ensour said that the total amount of potash to be sold according to pany (JICECO). the deals was worth \$75 million. Saadom said that the company

this year awarded a JD 3.6 million tender to a consultancy firm to prepare a feasibility study, as well as to provide the designs and supervision for an expansion project, enabling APC to raise its annual production to 1.8 million tonnes up from 1.4 million tonnes

This year alsn APC bas awarded a tender worth JD 1 million to a firm to conduct a feasibility study on a project designed to extract and process salts from the Dead Sea. This project pany's produce has been sold is being carried out in coopera-

source at the Amman-based World was passing through a very taining the rights of the Arabs to Council of Arab Economic Unity critical and complicated stage as a their wealth, preventing black-

(CAEU) Friday warned of the result of the Iraq-Kuwait dispute mailing them and helping keep danger of foreign intervention in which is on the way to become the unity of Arab stand," the

any international crisis that

"Despite the seriousness of the

threatens the whole Arab Nation.

tion to it within an Arab context

military aggression against Iraq

thus preventing foreign interven-

CAEU official urges Arab

solution to the Arab crisis

tional campaign which aims at situation, it is still possible to internationalising the conflict be- contain the crisis and find a solu-

chance to intervene in the region tion, particularly that of the Un-

to serve only their interests and ited States, preventing foreign

until the end of September 1990. tion with the Jordanian Industrial Consortium Engineering Com-

> The capital for the project is being supplied by IICECO, APC, the Royal Scientific Society, the Social Security Corporation and the Jordanian Investment Corporation, according to Sandoun. He said that work on the project is expected to start in 1993. When completed, he said, the project was expected to sell I.4 million tonnes of salts worth \$130 million

Jordan has a 54 per cent stake in the pan-Arab (APC), with the other shares owned by the Arab Mining Company, Kuwait, Libya, Saudi Arabia and the Islamic Development Bank.

On this occasion, the source

added, "we appeal to all the

powers of the goodwill to counter this conspiracy to contain the

crisis and call on all the Arab

leaderships to tackle it with the

spirit of the higher Arab interests

and within the Arab framework

at the highest levels."

The source said the Arab and other Arab countries, main-

source said,

American experts ideas

Mulki, president of the Royal Scientific Society, and Dr. Faw-

The dialogue will focus nn gov-

Jordanian, to exchange

AMMAN (J.T.) - On Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 3:00 p.m., Dr. Hani waz Karmi, acting secretary general of the Higher Council for Science and Technology, will exchange ideas with colleagues in Cairo and the United States on "Government Support for Science and Technology," via satellite. The dialogue will take place in the American Centre auditorium and guests are invited to attend.

erament support for private research institutions; the development of "research triangles" which link universities and business; the projects receiving government support; and incentives available to institutions engaged in training engineers.

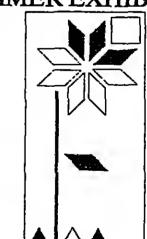
The two American participants are: Dr. John White, assistant director of the National Science Foundation; and Dr. Don Phillips, executive director of the Government-University-Industry Research Roundtable sponsored by the National Academy of Sciences, National Academy of Engineering, and the Institute of Medicine.

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Jordan Times

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On the line, interests, identity and future

THERE WAS something wrong in Cairo last night. Not only was the atmosphere misty in Cairo due probably to August

heat. But it must have been foggy for many who were there. The Arab leaders had assembled in Cairo Thursday to tackle the twin issues of Iraq's take-over of Kuwait and the deployment of U.S. forces in Saudi Arabia. And this was the single most important thing the leaders failed to do.

Instead, it seems that 12 Arab countries Friday endorsed a seven-point resolution that goes along with the Americanled campaign against Iraq. In a conspicuous alternative to setting their eyes straight on removing the source of all troubles in the Gulf, many Arab leaders sought to fragment their effort into those approving foreign troops presence and those who are basically opposed to it. Perhaps the most cynical of these resolutions is the recall of the mutual Arab pact, which every single Arab country wished to ignore when Lebanon was raped by Israeli forces in 1982.

On the line at the Arab summit meeting that opened and ended in Cairo yesterday was not only the future of Irao and Kuwait, but also the future of the whole Arab Nation. If the Arab leaders could not have risen to the enormous challenge facing them and find the context in which the crisis in the Gulf could have been contained and solved, there was every possibility that their true vision and much of their interests and much of their well-being was probably lost in the

The summit could have been either a harbinger of a national reawakening or it could have gone the way of previous Arab summits, extending the present status quo and deepening existing divisions. The Arab summitteers were called upon to do much-needed soul searching and answering of some very difficult questions. If they left Iraq to be sacrificed at the altar of America's prowess and interests in the region, would it have been possible ever again, or at least for two or three decades to come, to stand up to Israeli designs and the other enormous challenge we

are facing? The U.S. seems to be bent on destroying Iraq's leadership and the country's growing strength, although any confrontation between the U.S. and Iraq would be of disastrous consequences for all. It is a given that a solution has to be found for the Kuwait problem. And urgently so. But were the Arabs going to do that at the expense of their own interests and future? Or else go for total U.S. domination of the area, as President Mubarak suggested in an interview

with CNN yesterday. These tough questions and issues have been at the heart of Jordan's policies and efforts ever since the Iraqis moved into Kuwait on Aug. 2. A solution had to be found by and through the Arabs themselves, if only because no Arab could really afford to isolate Iraq or destroy it.

Why should the Arabs submit to the will and power of outside interference and pressures, unless they were willing to surrender what is left of their independence, sovereignty and dignity as a nation?

The Arab leaders must remember that Iraq had for eight years defended them against Iranian aggression, designs and extremism. Iraq has strengthened the Arab people's hope to deter further Israeli aggression and violations of international law and principles.

The Arabs have for decades been involved in an incessant struggle for independence and legitimate recognition. Resorting to the West to solve our problems now will only increase our dependence on others who are not necessarily friendly or fair with us. For the Arab summit to give legitimacy to armed foreign intervention is wrong at best.

The gentlemen of the 12-party resolution may think they are doing the best they can for their countries. But we are yet to see any fruits of the action they took, to satisfy the wishes and aspirations of the Arab man in the street.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

The Arab leaders meeting in Cairo have an unenviable task before them, but they still can prove that through this last chance, they can take control of their own destiny and close the door for foreign intervention, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Friday. These leaders should realise that the foreign powers are bent on denying the Arab nation the chance to build their countries, might for the coming 21st century, and that they intend to maintain their hegemony on the Arab World by all possible means, the paper

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily says that the Arab leaders in Cairo-A columnist in Al Ra's daily says that the Arab leaders in Caroought first to deal with the presence of foreign troops on Arab soil
before tackling the issue in the Gulf. No matter how heated is the
dispute among the Arabs, nothing should justify the entry of
foreign troops into Arab countries because foreign powers are
known to be totally hostile to the Arab nation, says Mahmood Al
Rimawi. Following the pullout of British and American the Arab leaders can take decisions that would serve the interests of all parties in an unbiased attitude, the writer notes. But, he points out, that Iraq which has fought an eight-year-long war to defend the Arabs is in need of support in the face of the U.S.-Israeli aggression, and the Arab countries should see to it that Iraq's power should not be lost or dissipated since they altogether face a formidable Israeli enemy bent on depriving the Arabs of their rights. Iraq continues to shoulder a heavy responsibility and no foreign powers should be allowed to have their way, be adds.

Foreign powers pit Semites against each other

By Ahmed Alami

The writer is director of the library at the College of Islamic Studies at Beit Hanina, and the author of several books. This article is reprinted from the Israeli newspaper, the Jerusalem Post.

FROM THE beginning of this century, the British and the Europeans have sought to solve the "Jewish Problem" mainly the presence of Jews in their midst. At the same time, the Jews in the diaspora began to cite Palestine as their favoured homeland. The British and European schemers at that time found that encouraging the immigration of Jews to Palestine would solve their "Jewish Problem" and win the support of the Jews.

But they had another aim. They observed that the Arab World was slowly regaining its posture after centuries of sleep, and predicted that a modern Arab world might challenge their superiority in world politics, economics and

Their design to implant the Jews in Palestine not only solved their "Jewish Problem" and won the hearts of the Jews. it also served their self-interest in maintaining their global superiority by impeding the growth and modernisation of the Arabs. The growing enmity between the Jews - and later the Israeli state - and the Arabs would force these people to engage in a never-ending conflict that would absorb all Arab and Israeli efforts. Instead of directing these efforts towards the well-being and flourishing of the nations in question, these efforts would be directed towards destructinn - of both Jews and Arabs.

Ultimately, the region would continue to be an area of internal problems and would never have a chance to follow the trends of modernisation.

The cousins of the British and European schemers in North America may not have participated in the original schemes. For their part, they might not have concerned themselves with the awakening Arabs. That was not a problem. But they were more interested in global politics and Union as a superpower after

the Second World War. Their interest in supporting the Israeli state stemmed from the fact that it could serve as a strategic base in case of conflict with the Soviet Union.

In any case, both Jews and Arabs fell into the trap of these foreign schemers. Since the creation of the Israeli state 42 years ago, six wars have been waged between the two sides. The schemers are sitting back, satisfied that their schemes have borne fruit. Semites are being killed - both Jews and

Continuation of this state of affairs would not only satisfy the visions of the original schemers in seeing Semite blood being shed, it would also retard growth in this area. The British and Europeans are now coordinating their efforts to reemerge as an economic and probably military superpower.

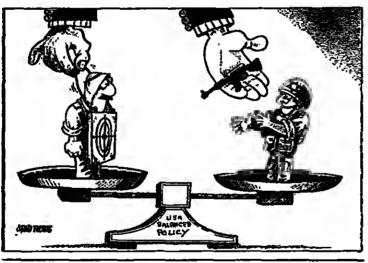
Why should this state of affairs continue? Why should we insist on remaining in the

Coordination between Jews and Arabs would pull the carpet out from under the feet of the foreign schemers. Cooperation between them would allow the resources of this area -both buman and material to be directed to a much better alternative: the well-being of everyone in the region. It might not be necessary to become a military superpower.

Let the powers who want to kill themselves do so - far away from this area. Why should we commit ourselves to alliance that can only end in the annihilation of ourselves and bumanity? Cooperation between Arabs and Jews could, on the other hand, lead to a mediation in world conflicts. Cooperation between Jews and Arabs could prove to the foreign schemers that, although they wanted our annihilation, we could play a positive role in solving their prob-

Apart from that, a rising economic superpower in this region could check the neverending imperialist designs which today assume the guise of economic domination.

Cooperation between Jews and Arabs could not only overcome batred and animosity; it uld also contribute to world peace and order.



LETTERS

Drastic change

Since the problems that arose between Iraq and Kuwait, a

To the Editor:

tremendous change has occurred within the people around us. Before going on with what I have to say, let me introduce myself to you. I am a Sandi Arabian girl recently graduated from the American Community School in Amman. I enrolled in the University of Jordan to take an Arabic course during my summer vacation. In the past few weeks I've been hearing many cut downs about the Gulf, mainly Kuwait and Saudi Arabia. But what really topped it off, was what some university people were saying about Kuwait and Saudi Arabia because of the problems with Iraq. I've lived in Amman for 12 years and I've been were used to the lived in Amman for 12 years and I've been very used to the kindness and hospitality of the people in this country. Therefore I was really shocked when people started to say we deserved what happened to the Kuwaitis and may Saudi Arabia be next. I've always considered Jordan to be a second home and its people are my family. This had always been the way I was treated here. Since my enrollment in the university and the start of problems in the Gulf, everything changed drastically. We're no longer considered in our second homes here; we're called foreigners. People here have gone to the extent of calling the Gulf countries corrupt. I'd like to know why the sudden change in people's attitudes towards us. We've heard so many insults and cracks about the Gulf and this is something that hurts me deeply. From what I know during hardships people usually stand together not fall apart and try to insult one another. And what ever goes on with other countries, we should feel with them, not ridicule them. I've come here to learn not get insulted, yet that doesn't seem the case. I hope you understand what I'm trying to tell you through my letter, and I hope you print it. I'm sure this problem is worrying many people, not just me, and I hope that there will be a solution to this problem and then we'll see the real Jordan with its hospitable and caring people. Thank you for your time.

Sarah Al Ayed



Greens may get a windfall from the crisis in the Gulf

By Nicholas Moore

LONDON - Ecologists may be the lasting beneficiaries of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

They want the world to burn less energy. And energy analysts say the fright which Iraqi President Sad-

could be a powerful stimulant to energy-saving policies. This is not the best way to send the right signals to the con-sumer," said Michael Harper, a nurture a long-term Western campaigner with lobbyists market for petroleum. Friends Of The Earth. "But if it persuades policy-makers to see that a rational use of energy must

be based on conservation, it will help."

The Iraqi invasion of Kuwait has revived doubts in the West about the wisdom of running a civilisation on something so easily made hostage to Middle East politics as petroleum. The doubts may persist even if the crisis

abates and petrol prices retreat. In taking Knwait, Iraq overnight made itself master of one fifth of world oil. Its tanks were said by the United States to be threatening Saudi Arabia, with almost a quarter of likely pet-

roleum reserves. underscores the constraints that growing energy dependency has placed on America's ability to Hisham Nazer a tes the high act." says James Schlesinger, a former U.S. Defence and Energy Secretary and ex-director of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Schlesinger, writing in the Washington Post, noted that U.S. oil imports, which have almost doubled in four years, now exceed half the country's consump-

Strategic concerns about security of energy supply, mixed with dam Hussein has given the West the "green" bid for conservation, may threaten the ambitions of nations like Saudi Arabia and Venezuela which are auxious to

> "OPEC realists, not only Sandi Arabia...are now in a state of shock," said Daniel Yergin, president of consultants Cambridge Energy Research Associates.

These nations have been striving to portray OPEC (the Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries) as a reliable sunplier of energy at reasonable prices, emphasising that it learned a hard lesson about high prices in two previous nil shocks."

In 1973 an Arab oil embargo against the West quadrupled prices. In 1980, prices soared again to hit all-time highs around \$40 per barrel after Iran's Islamic revolution and the outbreak of The Iraqi invasion of Kuwait the Iraq-Iran war triggered panic-

Sandi Arabian Oil Minister prices tilted the g. bal economy into a recession and stampeded the West to find alternatives to

OPEC has learned that "too high a price merely sets the stage for too low a price," Nazer says. Analysts tend to agree, point-ing to how the oil "shocks" halved demand for OPEC oil by the mid-1980s and prices fell as.

low as \$10 per barrel. Some think that Iraq's action. has inevitably set oil prices on a higher track, whether or not it. retains Kntait. There will be higher oil prices

over the next few years because of the Iraqi invasion than there otherwise would have been," says Kenneth Derr, chairman of Chevron.

According to Geoff Pyne, a London-based energy economist, "Saddam Hussein has reminded the West how quickly disruptions can happen in the Middle East." "Buyers cannot be easy about

security of supply. Oil prices will carry a risk premium again. That will revive interest in conservation and alternative energy to the detriment of oil."

Yergin said that the crisis will "give a kick to the long-term drive to (find) alternatives to ture cost of OPEC oil.

Gas, rated less of a pollutant than oil, is likely to get a boost. Projections by the West's oil watchdog, the Paris-based international Energy Agency, suggest that OPEC could be in real trouble if governments take energyefficiency seriously and if the Sandis, Venezuelans and officials like OPEC Secretary-General Subroto of Indonesia fail to res-

The agency has calculated that, just by using existing technology, the industrial nations could make their economies 30 per cent more energy efficient by the early 21st century than they are now.

tart a producer/consumer dia-

For example, smaller "lean burn" cars may come back in fashion. High fuel prices would tempt homeowners to turn down thermostats and re-examine the comomy of double-glazed windows and loft insulation. "Industries may look again at

studies that measure the expense of new, fuel-efficient furnaces and boilers against the likely fu-

Drive carefully! Traffic can be hazardous...

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts











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'Japan considers Jordan a key Mideast country and a factor of regional stability'

Ties, aid and peace — Kaifu's agenda in Amman

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

Minister Toshiki Kaifu, who arrives here Aug. 21 on a two-day visit, will seek to establish apersonal rapport with the leadership of Jordan in addition to custing possible Japanese contribution to the Kingdom's economic adjustment programme and to the overall Middle East peace process, according to the Japanese Ambassador to Jordan, Tadayuki Nonoyama.

"Japan considers Jordan as a key Middle East country and a factor of stability in the Middle East," the ambassador said. 'Our prime minister's visit comes in reaffirmation of this consider-

"I think that Mr. Kaifu believes that personal relations between leaders are very important," Nonoyama told the Jordan political and economie chal- stricter terms. In addition, Jordan Times. Knifu, the first Japanese prime minister to pay a formel visit to Jordan, will be meeting with His Majesty King Hussein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Prime Minister Mudar Badran during his 25hour stay in the Kingdom, the ambassador noted.

Jordan also bears a special significance for Kaifu, who was the head of a Japanese-Jordanian parliamentary association delegation which visited Jordan in 1985. Nonoyama said a Jordanian counterpart for the organisation was set up only recently. 'There are now 27 members in the organisation, and the oumber is increasing," the ambassador said,

Economic relations

Kaifu will "express Japan's support for Jordan in facing the Export and Import Bank under

lenges," Nonoyama said. Japan has extended aid to Jordan over the past decades to develop its infrastructure, including roads, agricultural projects, and telemmunications, and "now the focus will be on how (Tokyo) can help Jordan's economic restructuring programme." Japan granted a long-term \$300

million loan to Jordan in 1987, and about \$210 million have already been allocated to several projects, including building of schools. Tokyo has agreed in principle that the remainder could be used by the Kingdom to support its balance of payment, but terms of the loan have not been finalised yet, with Jordan sceking easier-term eredit through the Japanese Overseas Economie Development Agency while Japan offered it through the

is also seeking a "new credit" of \$60 million, raising to \$150 million the total Japanese share in a \$300 militoo loan arranged through the World Bank.

Finance Minister Basel Jardanch has said that this will be a tonic for discussion during the visit of Kaifu, who will be accompanied by his wife, four Japanese partiamentarians from the ruling Liberal Democratic Party and Deputy Foreign Minister Hisashi

Nonoyama eoofirmed that negotiations were under way betweeo a consortium of Japanese companies and the Jordanian phosphate and potash companies to set up a joint venture fertiliser plant at Agaha, But the ambassador did not have full details of the project. However, he added, the Japanese government is not directly involved in the deal except that Tokyo has been en- Middle East peace process couraging the Japanese private sector to launch joint projects, particularly tourism- and export-Oriented industries, in Jordan.

Nonovama, a career diplomat since 1959, said there was no immediate prospect of any outright Japanese grant to Jordan along the lines that Tokyo provides to Third World countries. He pointed out that Tokyo was abiding by the Toronto Protocol which restricts outright grants to countries with an annual per capita income of less than \$800.

Nonoyama said the felt that "more understanding" of each other between the people of Jordan and Japan is very important in moves to consolidate relations between the two countries. He expressed optimism that more Japanese people would visit Jordan and vice-versa

The Kaitu government is a staunch supporter of the Arab call for an international conference on the Middle East with the participation of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council and all parties involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict, including the Palestine Liberatioo Organisatioo (PLO), said Nonoyama, who served the Japanese foreign service in Britain, India, Thailand, Switzerland and the United States before arriving in Jordan late last year.

Tokyo now considers the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian People - a shift from its past position of viewing it as "a representative of the Palestinian people" - and has allowed it to open an office in Japan. But, the government has not recognised the State of Pales-

tine proclaimed by the Palestine National Council (PNC) in 1988. Japanese officials have said on several occasions that Tokyo was following the European line which argues that no recognition could be extended to the newly proclaimed Palestinian state as long as it does not have clearly defined borders.

According to Nonoyama, the

Japanese position vis-a-vis the Middle East problem is based on state, and the security of all states bute to the process, he said. in the region, including Israel.



Tadayuki Nonoyama

three principles: Israeli withdraw- fact that the Arab states are al from all Arab territories occu- calling for a higher-profile pied in 1967 as called for in U.N. Japanese political involvement in Security Council Resolution 242, the Middle East peace process, the right of the Palestinian people Nonoyama said. The prime to self-determination, including minister will explore means the right to set up an independent through which Japan can contri-

Kaifu arrives in Amman from Kaifu will not be carrying with Oman in the afternoon of Aug. him any "new inidative" to re- 21 after visits to Turkey and solve the Arab-Israeli conflict de- Saudi Arabia. He leaves for spite Tokyo's acceptance of the Egypt the next day afternoon.

Arab leaders split

(Continued from page 1)

for further mediation efforts," Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber, a well-known political analyst, told the Jordan Times. Abu Jaber explained that, in the legal analysis, Jordan was faced by a majority among the Arab leaders who wanted to take a vote on this issue immediately. In essence, he explained, 'Jordan's position was inst haste in adopting a resolution

on the Gull crisis." He maintained that Jordan had adopted this position to prevent the further isolation of Baghdad from Arab ranks "which would lead to further radicalisation of Iraq."

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Dr. Jawad Anani, o former minis ter and an economic and political analyst, also said that Jordan's position was against the quick move to vote on the resolution and meant that the Kingdom "was asking for more time to formulate a final opinion.

An informed source, speaking to the Jordan Times before the Jordamian delegation left for Cairo, said that Jordan went to the summit with aim of "preventing schisms in the Arab body politic."

The source said "the last thing the Arab World wants in view of the grave crisis in the Gulf is for the Arab leaders to run in orbits." Such a probability would open the door wide for foreign intervention

and meddling in purely Arab affairs," It was too early last night to assess the full impact of the summit reache-tions. The Erichnian reaction to the summit assisted the return of His Majesty King Hussein to Jordan upon sion of the summit with the

was unclear to officials and observers The King returned home late Fri-

The top Iraqi delegate to the summit, First Deputy Prime Minister Taba Yasin Ramadan, said those who supported the resolution were conspiring with the United States to give its actions "a false Arab cover." "Despite attempts by a number of leaders to crystallise proposals that would achieve unanimity, there has been strong insistence to improve this resolution on the conference," he said, adding that some Arab leaders

had been prevented from addressing Ramadan repeated Iraqi assertions, that Baghdad had no intention of attacking Soudi Arabia.

"We are willing to provide any assurances sought by those concerned to dispet the fears that have no basis. her within the bilateral context, or within the Arab framework," be

"Iraq also does not oppose the principle that any Arab country can seek help from Arab forces to ensure its safety and regional security, but we will strongly struggle... against any attempt to provide Arab cover to American, Israeli and Western aggression against Iraq," he said. . Libyan leader Museumar Qadhafi told senior Egyptian editors that Iraq should withdraw from Kuwak but foreign troops in the region should pull out at the same time.

Egyptian and Jordanian heads of state go to Baghdad to explain the ons adopted in Cairo. Asked about a simultaneou

drawni, Sandi King Fahd said he first needed to know if Iraq was prepared to withdraw. "We don't want to attack anyone," he was quoted as saying by the Middle East News Agency (MENA).

den, referring to the dispute which crupted before Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, said Baghdad had tape recordings of Kuwaiti officials which proved they were plotting against

Iraq had accused Kowait of conspiring with the United States to sabotage its economy by pumping too much oil driving the price down. Following is a partial text of the resolution approved at the end of the

The Arab summit which convened Cairo on August 10, 1990 has decided

I- To confirm a resolution passed by the Arab League Council (of foreign ministers) on Aug. 3 and a resolution issued by the Organisation of Islamic Conference on Aug. 4. 2- To confirm (U.N.) Security Council Resolution 660 dated Aug. 2, 661 dated Aug. 6 and 662 dated Aug.

9 as an expression of legitimacy.

3- To condemn Iraqi aggression against the brotherly State of Kuwait and not to recognise Iraq's decision to annex Kuwait or any other results arising from the invasion of Iraqi troops of Kuwarii territory. It demands Iraq withdraws its troops from Kuwait immediately and returns it to

the state it was in before Aug. 1. ty, its independence and regional security being a member state in the Arab League and the United Nations. (Kawait's) legitimate government which was present before the Iraqi invasion. It supports all meas taken to free its land and fulfill its

5- To denounce Iraqi threats to Gulf Arab states and to denounce Iraq's build up of armed forces on the borders of Saudi Arabia. It confirms total Arab solidarity with the king-dom and with other Gulf Arab states. It supports measures taken by Saudi Arabia and other Gulf Arab states to defend their legitimate rights according to Article Two of the Joint Defence and Economic Cooperation Pact between Arab League states and Article 51 in the United Nations Charter and Security Council Resolution 661, dated Aug. 6. These measures should be stopped immediately after the total withdrawal of Iraq troops from Kuwait and the return of

Kowait's legitimate authority. 6- To respond to Sandi Arabia and other Gulf Arab states' request to transfer Arab forces to support their armed forces to defend their land and regional security against any outside

7- The emergency Arab summit has commissioned the Arab League secretary-general to follow up the execution of this decision and to issue a report on it within 15 days to the league's council to take appropriate He also suggested the Algerian measures.

Iragi border closed for most Westerners

(Continued from page 1) other nationals being held at Bagh-

dad hotels, according to the U.S. statement (see page 2). Reports have put the number of Americans stranded in Kuwait at 3,000 and io

Indian embassy officials were meanwhile preparing to receive about 700 Indian Muslim pilgrims stranded in Iraq since Aug. 2 when Iraq closed its borders and sirport as well as Kuwaiti sirports and semports after its military take-over

holy places, including Karbala and Najai, have already been given exit permits by the Iraqi authorities." said a senior Indian embassy official. "The first batch is expected Sunday, with the second arriving Monday," he said. The pilgrims chartered flights of Air India and other airlines. The embassy official said he had no word on the late of the 170,000 Indians holding residence permits for Kuwait, and another 30,000 for Iraq. "We have heard the media reports, but have not received any government notification," the official told the Jor-

The Italian ambassador to Baghdad, Franco Tempesta, who was on holiday in Rome. was delayed in Amman Friday after "problems developed over the entry of his (Iraqi) diplomatic-plate vehicle into Jordan," an informed source said. 'The ambassador will now try to leave Saturday." Tempesta was in the Italian capital when Iraq took over Kuwait, and could not fly directly to Baghdad because of the airport closure, the source explained, "We hope that things will be okay tomorrow,"

The British ambassador in Iraq, Harold Walker, crossed the border at Al Rubta, 70 kilometres from Al Ruweished, Thursday, Like Tempesta, Walker was also out of Iraq when the take-over was staged.

be added.

According to European diplo-mats in Amman, all Western embassics had pooled their efforts

to jointly seek permission from the Iraqi authorities for their nationals to leave, but no concrete results

were reported by Friday evening. On the other hand, reports from various Third World capitals, including several Asian and Eastern European countries, said Baghdad had agreed to permit their nationals to leave. A rough estimate put the number of people involved between 20,000 and 25,000. Other governments who might have already gained Iraqi permission had not announced it in public lest it might adversely affect the departure process, an Asian diplomat said in Amman.

In Cairo, Iraqi Foreigo Minister Tareq Aziz denied Friday the Westerners being held in Baghdad hotels could be described as hostages.

"Hostages do oot stay at hotels, drink beer and enjoy their lives," Aziz told U.S.

Aziz, attending an emergency Arab summit in Cairo, said keeping foreigners in Iraq was a technical matter. He did not elaborate.

Those arriving in Amman from the border Friday were mostly Jordanians, Iraqis and Lebane and a sprinkle of non-Arab Asians. including some Koreans, Pakista-nis and Indians. Over 3,000 Arabs etossed over through the Al Rubta-Ruweished post since the Iraqis opened the border late Monday after closing it on Wednesday, Aug. 1, shortly before sending their army to take over Kowait.

allowed to cross, sources at the Ruweished post said. There was also a steady steam of Arabs from across the border with Saudi Arabia in the southeast of Jordan. According to official sources, most of the arrivals were Kuwaitis who fled their country to Saudi Arabia in the wake of the

Kuwaiti passport holders are not

Iraqi take-over and Egyptians em-ployed in Kuwait. Most of the arrivals preferred to opt for the ferry route from Aqaba to Nuweibe port on the Sinai across the Red Sea rather than coming to Amman, according to officials, who put the total number of people arriving through the Saodi-Jordanian border since Friday at around 80,000.

(Continued from page 1)

250,000 troops

moving south inside Iraq, and that if they entered Kuwait, the total force would number "about 170,000." Only a day earlier, the intelligence estimates had put the Iraqi force at 100,000 men.

A Defence Department statement said there "seems to be some gathering" of Iraqi troops on the Turkish border, but the statement added that analysis had "no good estimates of numbers and types."

U.S. President George Bush has officially notified the Congress, under terms of the War Powers Act, of the country's military deployment in Saudi Arabia, but said be does not think war is imminent,

In a letter to Congress, Bush said "our armed forces will remain so long as their presence is required" in Saudi Arabia. He said Iraq has "an enormous and sophisticated war machine" near Kuwait's border with Saudi Ara-

"I do not believe involvement in hostilities is imminent," Bush said. "To the contrary, it is my belief that this deployment will facilitate a peaceful resolution of the crisis.'

Two squadrons of F-15 warplanes, one brigade of the 82nd airborne division were in the vanguard and "additional U.S. air, naval and ground forces will also be deployed," he said.

predict the precise scope and duration of this deployment, our armed forces will remain so long as their presence is required to region and desired by the Saudi

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government," Bush said. He said the U.S. forces, which will be joined by military units from Britain, France and possibly some Arab states, were "equipped for combat, and their mission is defensive."

"They are prepared to take action in concert with Saudi forces, friendly regional forces and others to deter Iraqi aggression and to preserve the integrity of Saudi Arabia," Bush said.

Bush, who later Friday was to begin a three-week stay at his seaside vacatioo bome in Maine, said be was telling Congress of his actioo "consistent with the War Powers Act."

That formulation, used by him and previous presidents in past crises as well, stopped short of recognising the Vietnam-era law, which gives Congress a voice on U.S. troop deployments.

Like his immediate predecessors, Bush considers the law an unconstitutional infringement oo his powers as commander-inchief. But like other presidents, he has sidestepped a direct legal challenge to the statute by eceting its requirement that Congress be officially notified when U.S. forces are given a hazardous assignment abroad.

In addition to Bush's war powers notification, the White House released two executive orders implementing his action last Thurs-"Although it is not possible to day to block Iraqi and Kuwaiti assets and cut off any trade between the United States and

takcover of Kuwait.

Saddam Hussein urges revolt against 'emirs of oil'

(Continued from page 1) troops in Sandi Arabia.

President George Bush also dispatched a U.S. navy task force of dozens of ships, including three aircraft carriers. Some ships used the Suez Canal through Egypt to reach the Gulf region.

O Arabs, O Muslims, O believers in God wherever you are. This is your day to rise and spread quickly in order to defend Mecca, which is captive of the spears of the Americans and the Zionist,' Saddam said thrugh his spokes-

"This is your day to rise quickly to defend the Prophet Mobammad... who carried the noble message in this noble land for it to remain holy." "Burn the soil under their

feet," Saddam said. "Burn the soil under the feet of the aggressors and invaders who want harm for your families in

"Fit their interests wherever they are, rescue Holy Mecca and determined on jihad (holy war), rescue the grave of the Prophet without hesitation and without (Mohammad, at Medina)," he any slowing down," Saddam said.

Appealing directly to Egyp- willing, and evil and corruption tians and the citizens of Gulf will be tramped wherever it is, emirates, Saddam said:

"Don't let the ecemy pass your waters, sons of the Straits of from the foreigners." Hormuz. Stop the fleets from and Sharjah," referring to emirates in the southern Gulf.

"Your brothers in Iraq are

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"We shall be victorious, God the sun will rise on the Arabs and! the Muslims and God will happy through the soil of Egypt to use after we purify our souls and land

> Earlier Saddam threatened to fire any Kuwaiti who did not report to work.

The announcement carried by Baghdad Radio and the official Iraqi News Agency said it was time for all citizens to serve their COURTY.

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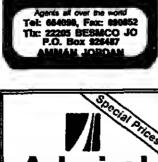
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NATO backs U.S. move

stranded in those two countries. a border with Iraq. Turkey has

We are not calling them hos- put its air force on alert.

(Continued from page 1)

Both Baker and NATO Secretary General Manfred Woerner said the allies pledged to stand by Turkey, the only NATO ally which borders Iraq.

"It is very clear that an attack on Turkey would be considered an attack on all (NATO) nations," Woemer told reporters. The NATO foreign ministers discussed the crisis after the 12

EC foreign ministers did so separately earlier in the day.
In a statement, the EC ministers reiterated their concern "for the situation of foreigners in Iraq and Kuwait," said they hold Iraq "fully accountable" for their safety. They offered Arab states, meeting Friday in Cairo, any help

Kuwait Baker also said the U.S. administration is "very disturbed" about restrictions on travel placed on Americans and other fore-

in their bid to force Iraq to leave

igners in Iraq and Kuwait. Iraq's invesion of Kuwait last threatened Turkey, which has cut week touched off an international crisis, and left 3,500 Americans the only alliance member to share

STATE OF THE PARTY

tages... nothing has been asked or demanded for their freedom," Baker said.

Baker noted that Britain and France already have announced the deployment of forces, and said Germany, Belgium and Canada "gave indications they will have announcements to make in due course."

He made no mention of the possibility of whether non-NATO nations would be joining U.S. ground forces in Saudi Arabia. NATO foreign ministers also agreed to support United Nations sanctions imposed against Iraq following its invasion of Kuwait

Let Aramex Air Cargo "This is a time wheo the allies... must demonstrate solitake care of the works darity with those who are being threatened and those who are Door to Door. taking action," NATO Secretary-General Manfred Woemer told a Call the friendly news conference. He said there was "full consensus" on this. professionals on Woemer said Iraq's action

off vital Iraqi oil exports and is













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Agassi and McEnroe upset; Edberg heads for the top spot

Second-seed American Andre Agassi says he was distracted, but the truth is he was outgunned when Australian Richard Fromberg upset tennis's "enfant terrible" 6-4, 3-6, 6-3 in the third round at the \$1.3 million ATP championships.

Twelfth-ranked John McEnroe also was upset by 81st ranked Scott Davis 6-3, 5-7, 6-4.

In contrast, top-seed Stefan Edberg of Sweden was untouchable as he allowed only 31 points and needed only 52 minutes to steamroll over 75th-ranked Andrew Sznajder of Britain 6-1,

Edberg will become the world number one ranked tennis player, surpassing Ivan Lendl, if he defeats American Michael Chang in Friday's quarterfinal match.

Fourth-ranked Agassi blamed sluggishness and his responsibility to overzealous fans for his loss. With all due respect to the way he played, it was a question

Manuela Maleeva of Switzerland

and Barbara Paulus of Austria

overcame severe winds and adv-

anced to the semifinals with

straight-set victories at the

\$225,000 Great American Bank

Fourth-seeded Maleeva drop-

ped Ann Grossman 7-5, 6-1 in 70

minutes, while 6-seed Paulus

used eight service hreaks and

from South African Ros

Fairbank-Nideffer to win 7-5, 6-3.

ican Zina Garrison, the third seed

and world's number five player,

recovering from a bout with the

fine, completed the last quarter-

final berth dominating Nathalie

Herremann of France, 6-2, 6-1.

American Terry Phelps in one

quarter-final, while top-seeded

Steffi Graf of West Germany

goes up against 5th-seed Nathalie

Grossman, who is ranked 52nd

worldwide, held her own against

Maleeva in the first set, engaging

in baseline battles that gave her

an initial 5-3 lead. But Maleeva

English soccer chubs to return

European competition since the

1985 Heysel Stadium riot that

killed 39 people have said they will

take small groups of faus to their

Manchester United said it will

take about 5,600 carefully

selected fans to Hungary for its

Cup Winners' Cup game against

Pecsi Munkas on Oct. 3. Aston

Villa, which travels to Banik

Ostrava in the UEFA Cup the

Soccer's European governing body, UEFA, last month voted to

allow British teams back into the

European Cup tournaments after

The penalties were imposed

after 39 people, mostly fans of the

Italian club Juventus of Turin.

died in riots at the Champions

Cup final in Brussels, Belgium,

blamed on fans of the English

It was the worst of a series of

violent incidents involved English

ROME (R) — Britain's Adrian

Moorhouse warmed up for a

world record attempt in the men's

100 metres breaststroke by set-

ting the fourth fastest time of the

year at the European Open Cup

Officials haddled at the edge of

the open-air pool at Rome's

Olympic Stadium after a lane

Friday - but was almost disquali-

same day, plans to take 300.

first away games.

the five-year ban.

chth Liverpool.

fied.

Tauziat of France.

Garrison will meet fellow

In second round action, Amer-

capitalised on 11 double-faults

women's tennis tournament.

of me," Agassi said. "I played like a plumber."

Fromberg, ranked 25th in the world, relied on strong baseline shots in the first set to frustrate Agassi, whose audible obscenity after the first point of the match cost him the second point and a \$1,850 fine.

Agassi fought back to take the second set, but Fromberg took advantage of two Agassi unforced errors in the second game of the third set. Down 0-40 in the third game, the Australian hit seven consecutive winners to take the

"It's an unbelievable year for me," said Fromberg, who won his first tonrnament at Bastad, Sweden in July. "I never ex-pected to do anything like this. My goal for the year was to win a tournament title and beat a top 10 player - I've reached that goal."

McEnroe, faced with his own familiar serve-and-volley game from Davis, made too many un-

Maleeva, Paulus battle winds in

took the next four games with ing H crucial breaks of Grossman's nutes.

myself, 'I know I can serve bet- tournament.

serve. She then jumped out to a

3-0 second-set lead and domin-

down," Maleeva said. "I said to

ter,' and I was very aggressive

Maleeva said she expected the

Paulus, ranked 16th worl-

dwide, had to scramble to win the

first set when she hroke

Fairbank-Nideffer's serve for the

fourth time to go up 6-5.

Fairbank-Nideffer fell behind 4-2

in the second set and then

double-faulted three times in a

and I didn't get any rhythm on my

serve," Fairbank-Nideffer said.

"I had to think so much during

my serve, things weren't flow-

the weekend with the flu,

looked like she was regaining the

form that took her to the finals at

Manchester United, Aston Villa

LONDON (AP) - The first two fans and UEFA immediately bar- initially decided no fans would be

ned England's clubs from its

United gained the reputation of

having the worst behaved suppor-

ters in England. Although it still

has the biggest following they no

longer are regarded as the most

Champions' Cup in 1982, was

ordered to play one of its games

in the following season's competi-

tion behind closed doors after its

fans clashed with followers of

Belgium's Anderlecht in the

Ken Merrett flew to Pecs, Hun-

gary, Wednesday to discuss

security with the Hungarian soc-

cer and security officials. Aston

Villa Secretary Steve Stride will

go to Czechoslovakia on a similar

clubs to enter its competitions,

But referee Wittmar Rainer

said the electronic timing device

did not back up the lane judge's

decision and added: "We gave

European champion, won his

Moorhouse, the Olympic and

him the benefit of the doubt."

When UEFA invited the two

the English Football Association three years.

mission next week.

Moorhouse gears up for world

simultaneously.

record attempt in swimming

Manchester United Secretary

Aston Villa, which won the

During the 1970s, Manchester

to take supporters into Europe

three competitions.

Wimbledon last month, despatch- for good.

Garrison, who was in bed over

"It was windy ont there today

semifinal match with Paulus to be

"I served very well from 3-5

ated the remainder of the set.

San Diego to reach semifinals

from that point on.

hard-hitting match.

row to end the match.

forced errors. Serving for the second set at 5-3, McEnroe double-faulted seven times in a 22-point game that he ultimately

felt like walking off the court," McEnroe said. "I didn't feel like playing. I did everything possible to lose the match."

Quarterfinal action pits thirdseed Andres Gomez against 11thseed Jim Courier, 4th-seed Brad Gilbert against unseeded Jakob Hlasek and Fromberg against 8th-seed Davis.

While Edberg survived, fellow Swede Mats Wilander didn't in the second round of the ATP championship at the Jack Nicklaus Sports Centre.

The top-seeded Edberg, who won the ATP title in 1987 over Boris Becker, overcame a 3-4. love-30 deficit in the third set.

Graf held serve against Kathy

Rinaldi throughout Wednesday

night's match for a 6-3, 6-4 vic-

tory and advance to the quarter-

finals of the Great American

The top-ranked Graf rebuffed

Rinaldi countered with an

effective serve, recording 14 service winners. But Graf broke

Grinaldi's serve once in each set

Graf, who scowled frequently

during the match, said she didn't

"I didn't really play well at all. I got angry at myself," Graf said,

"I had some good shots, but I

didn't finish them up the right

score tied 2-all, Rinaldi twice

came within a point of winning

the fifth game. But Graf pre-

vailed in each instance and then

broke service on two forehand

misses by Rinaldi to take the lead

allowed to travel. It was planned

to relay the games to the clubs'

believing some fans would travel

whatever bans were imposed and

Merrett welcomed its change of

that we would not be taking any

tickets and that we would appeal

to our supporters to stay at

a lot of fans would ignore the plea

not to travel and they would

prefer that arrangements were

made for them to be properly

escorted, controlled and segre-

sentative in the Champions' Cup

this season. Liverpool, which

won the English League title last

season, is banned from European

competition for an additional

world record of 1:01.49 in the

He has a equalled the record

The final promises to be the

gala event of this first European Open Cup.

twice this year after setting it in

Bonn in August last year.

England will not have a repre-

"But the F.A. view now is that

home," he said.

"Our initial reaction was to say

The F.A. changed its policy,

stadiums via live television.

In the second set, with the

to take control.

feel her sharpest.

three break points, twice with

aces. She wracked up six in the

"I never thought it was over," Edberg said. "Even when I was down a break in the third, I never thought it was over. I still thought I had some time to get a break of

Edberg advanced despite a sprained left ankle. "I was not 100 per cent today

not even close to it," he said. Srejber angrily slammed his racket on to the court after the match and was near tears in the interview room.

Wilander, a four-time winner of the ATP, wasn't as fortunate as his countryman. Still singgish from a four-

month layoff, Wilander lost to Australia's Darreu Cahill, 6-3.

"I knew it was going to be up and down from the beginning," Wilander said. "Obviously, this is a down. You don't come out and play 75 per cent of your ability right away. You play 100 per cent one day and 20 per cent the next. You just have to keep playing to get it back."

Wilander is 12-7 on the ATP tour this year and has not won a tournament in two years.

5 nations advance at World

Championship

tina, with a huge assist from roaring home-country fans, and Greece provided the drama, while traditional powerhouses Brazil and the United States had an easy time advancing at the World Baskethall Cham-

The Soviet Union, defending Olympic champions, defeated a quick but inexperienced Egyptian team 102-76 in the second day of play in the second day of the preliminary round-robin phase of

The United States appeared to almost score at will against a hapless South Korea while running up a 146-67 victory.

the favourites here, easily beat Angola 92-79.

the 16-nation tournament 138-95 and in the process demonstrated that the Chinese must vastly improve their radimentary ballhandling skills and tentative defence before they can become truly competitive at this level.

the half, Italy came back against a tough Australian defence to take a three-point lead with just 38 seconds left and held on for a 94-89 victory.

with less than a minute to play to edge Canada 96-98.

Canada led throughout the game by concentrating on a fastpaced offence and a tight defence that kept local hero Hector "pichi" Campana off stride and unable to make the outside shots he used to score 23 points

But in the second half Campatines on a 17-point run, including two three-pointers by Milanesio and dazzling ball handling by Campana to the delight of the

With just 52 seconds remaining, Argentine centre Diego Maggi grabbed a missed Canadian foul shot and dumped it into the net to give his team an 89-88 lead which they did not relin-

short and the Greeks posted a

good rebounding game.

Basketball

BUENOS AIRES (R) - Argen-

pionship.

the 16-nation tournament.

Yugoslavia, this year's Goodwill Games gold medallists and

Brazil climinated China from

After falling behind 44-49 at

Antonello Riva was the game's top scorer with 35 points.

Argentina came from behind

Wednesday in a losing effort

na and Milanesio led the Argencrowd which rocked the stadium with cheers and chants for Argen-

Greece, the European runnerups, took an early lead against Spain, which mounted a valiant effort in the second half but fell

Yugoslavia, the Soviet Union,

against the Soviet Union.

102-93 victory. Theofanis Christodoulou led

the winners with 32 points, followed with 31 points from Panagiotis Giannakis, who also had a

Johnson allowed to run again for Canada suspension expires in September inquiry. "We recognise that, at its core,

judge said Moorhouse made an heat in one minute 2.02 seconds

irregular turn by not touching the without appearing to stretch him-

end of the pool with both hands self before he tries to break his

OTTAWA (R) - Sprinter Ben Johnson, who fell spectacularly from grace for using banned steroids at the Seoul Olympics in 1988, will be allowed to run again for Canada.

Sport Minister Marcel Danis announced Thursday the government has lifted its lifetime ban against Johnson and that he will be permitted to compete again if permitted to by the country's sports governing body, Athletics

Athletics Canada President Paul Depre told a separate news conference later that Johnson will be eligible to rejoin the national track team when his two-year

Johnson, once dubbed the world's fastest man, was stripped of his gold medal in the 100-metre race in Seoul after testing positive for a banned ster-

Canadians, who were first proud of his sizzling performance of the track, were outraged and embarrassed by the scandal.

Danis told a news conference he was closely following the recommendations of the report by Ontario Chief Justice Charles Dubin who investigated the Johnson drug scandal in a exhaustive

the Dubin report is about ethics and values," Danis said. "The government's involvement in sport must establish an ethical framework and promote values Canadians expect of their sport

The inquiry found performance enhancing drugs were widely used not only within the Canadian sporting fraternity but internationally as well.

Danis said he backs Dubin's key recommendation that Johnson be suspended for life from federal funding but be allowed to appeal it to an independent arbit-

The sport minister's decision will also clear the way for a string of other Canadian athletes in track and field and in weight lifting to return to competition. They too will have to do without state subsidies, however.

Danis said the government would like to see tougher penalties for future cheaters, saying an athlete should be barred from competition for four years, instead of Athletics Canada's current two-year penalty.

Johnson, 28, has said he would like to run for Canada in the next Olympics, without the aid of

E. German association to reduce staff drastically

which has groomed some of the world's best athletes, has said it has decided to reduce its staff by more than half after a drastic budget cut.

The association plans to fire 3,700 of its 6,000 employees by the end of the year. Before last year's revolution that ousted the country's Communist leaders, 10,500 people worked for the formerly state-run association.

The planned cutbacks were prompted by last week's decision by the East German Ministry for Youth and Sports to allocate only 103 million marks (\$64 million) this year, a 33 per cent reduction.

"The dramatic budget cuts force us to take drastic action," said Werner Neumann, spokesman for the Sports Association. The budget woes will force the organisation to fire many of the

coaches that led East German

athletes to international success. "The dismissals will mainly affect highly qualified coaches for top athletes and for children and yonth training programmes," Neumann told the Associated Press Wednesday. "We tried to hold on to them as long as possi-

Under the old Communist government, sports received strong financial backing since international athletic success was seen as in Australia in January.

WEST BERLIN (AP) — East proof of socialism's superiority Germany's Sports Association, over Western capitalism.

That attitude has changed under the new, democratically elected government.

"The Sports Association needs to make do with the money it gets," said Holger Doetsch, spokesman for the East German Youth and Sports Ministry.

Neumann said the Sports Association wants to do everything possible to guarantee that East German athletes can participate in international competitions if they qualify.

Whether East Germans will compete in an singular-German team or a separate East German team depends on political developments, said Neumann, adding that two German teams seem senseless.

"One nation, one team," he said, summing up the association's position.

While the East German Sports Association supports singular-German sports team, some West German athletes and sports officials prefer separate teams to avoid having to compete with their strong East German coun-

Officials from East Germany's Swimming Federation have called for a united German team at the Swimming World Championships

Berger takes pole position for Hungarian Grand Prix

Gerhard Berger snatched provisional pole position for Sunday's Hungarian Grand Prix motor race with a recordbreaking practice lap in the final minutes of Friday's opening qualifying session.

Berger, driving a McLaren, clocked a best time of one minute and 18.127 seconds at an average speed of 182.841 kph with only four minutes to spare. His time set a qualifying lap record for the 3.96-kilometre circuit.

It eclipsed earlier fastest laps set in succession by Frenchman Jean Alesi in a Tyrrell and Briton Nigel Mansell in a Ferrari during a hotly-contested qualifying ses-

In the end, Alesi, who was quickest for three quarters of the hour-long qualifying period, had to settle for the third-best time behind Berger and Mansell, who share the front row of the provisional grid. Alesi shares the second row

with Italian Alessandro Mannini's Benetton, ahead of the Williams pair of Italy's Riccardo Patrese and Belgian Thierry Boutsen.

The six fastest drivers clocked times inside the previous best qualifying time for the circuit set by Patrese, who claimed pole position last year. But it was not until the session

was 47 minutes old that Patrese joined Alesi in breaking the one minute 20 seconds barrier. The session was run in warm

sunshine for three quarters of an hour and the quickest times were recorded in the final 15 minutes when it began to cloud over. Meanwhile the ailing Lotus

Formula One motor racing team announced two key appointments Friday as their main sponsors, RJ Reynolds Tobacco International, confirmed they would be switch-

BUDAPEST (R) - Austria's ing their backing to Benetton and Williams next year.

In a statement issued shortly before the unofficial practice for Sunday's Hungarian Grand Prix, Lotus said they had recruited former Benetton team manager Peter Collins and veteran Lotus engineer Peter Wright to boost their strength as they search for new sponsors to rebuild for 1991.

The statement, timed to coincide with the news that Reynolds were pulling out, said both had joined as marketing consultants. Collins and Wright, who has

been working as managing director of the separate Lotus Engineering Company, worked under Lotus founder Colin Chapsion on the twisting Hungaroring man in the late 1970's. They face a daunting task in finding backers for the British team.

Lotus have not won a race since Brazilian Ayrton Senna triumphed in a Honda-powered car at the United States Grand Prix in Detroit in 1987. They won the last of their 13 drivers and constructors' world titles in 1978. Reynolds, manufacturers of

Camel cigarettes, said they were switching their huge financial team sponsorship from Lotus to Benetton for 1991. They also announced they would be sponsoring the Williams team and drivers to a lesser degree. Benetton, who are also backed

by Ford, last year launched an

ambitious programme of development and expansion with the signing of British designer John Barnard from Ferrari. Both Benetton drivers Nannini and Brazilian Nelson Piquet have

agreed to stay with the team next year. In another announcement Friday, the Dallara team said they

had agreed an exclusive deal with the British engine manufacturers Judd for a supply of the new Judd V-10 power-units in 1991:

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF

Both vulnerable. North deals.

NORTH

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USE YOUR ENTRIES WFLL

4 A 7 6 2 ♥ K Q 4 2 ↑ A 9 5 93 WEST EAST **★** J 9 8 ⊕ Q 10 9 A 10 8 5 OKQJ7 0 10 4 3 ♣ Q 8 7 5 4 2 SOUTH 4 K 5 4 3 7763 v 862

4 AKJ The bidding: North East West 1 Ů Pass Pass Pags 3 🏚 Pass Pass Opening lead: King of O

When your contract is not a thing of beauty, you must take care to manage your assets to yield the maximum return. The last thing you can afford is to squander a key entry or seemingly unimportant court card.

North-South reached a fourspade contract that was, to say the least, precarious. We are oot enthralled with South's game invitation of three spades. That action normally promises a five-card trump holding, and South should have deducted a point from the count because of the square shape and lack of intermediates. Thus,

game is uolikely in view of North's

West led the top of the diamond sequence and declarer did not fancy his prospects. Even with a 3-2 each major suit, so South could oot afford to lose more than one diamond. In addition, he would have to find the ace of hearts with West. as well as entries to hand, to lead hearts twice toward dummy.

After a routine duck of the opening lead, declarer woo the diamood continuation and then finessed the jack of clubs. When that held, declarer took his two high clubs, discarding the table's remaining diamond. West elected not to ruff. instead discardios a diamond. A low heart was led toward the board's honors. West played low

streets

43 Enthusiastic 44 Arch

48 Water nymphs 52 Stars of 17A

54 — Rabbit 55 Reflection

57 Comes to a

standstill 58 Zealoue

over

6 Wrath

59 Things left

DOWN

1 Traditional round dance

3 Arianias 4 Digressing 5 Ind. carriages

7 is in session

38 Cut

2 God of love

Water nymphs

45 Wanes

and the king woo. Now, ace and king of trumps put declarer in hand to lead a second heart toward dummy. The best West could do was to rise with the ace and extract a third round of trumps, but declarer was home with three trump tricks, two hearts, a diamond, three clubs and a diamond ruff.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY AUGUST 11, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

views different from your own

from whatever source possible in

the morning while later you can contact influential person, let him

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

You see where a change in pers-

pective can aid you with some practical problem and then put in

motion so you can utilize this

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Some public opposition can raise your danger but ignore and you then find that circumstances work

out very much to your advantage.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Proceed with your usual work routine in the morning mak-

ing anticipated changes but after-noon events arise making advances

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You can make some plans for recrea-

tions you need in the morning but

be sure to finish up conscientionsly

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Sidestep an irritating condition at your residence, then you have a surprise invitation for a little later

duties begun in the afternoon:

know your wishes.

on that should be immediately GENERAL TENDENCIES: accepted. Keep on the course that you have already outlined for yourself and

LIBRA: (September 23 to October put in motion the various details 22) Use more than average ciution you are currently putting to improve your present way of life. on the highway during the morning while later a situation at your residence requires your undivided ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Get

> SCORPIO: (October 23 to No ber 21) Be wary about some ex-pense you are not completely sure about, then you will be able to get-into gaining data you need from SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) Don't make decisions this morning while you are confused but later you will be able to delve into practical problems to

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Be clearheaded eather than wandering ideas about a secyou can look straight at Cutnide issues and solve them. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-

ary 19) Put off seking a favour from a good friend and later you find ways to quietly but effectively handle such wisites by your own quiet reflections.

PESCES: (February 20 to March 20) Take no chances with your outside contacts or activities in the morning then you will be able to go after more personal sime later and get them easily.





BYDOON

GRACIT

WHAT A SCREW-DRIVER DID FOR THE CARPENTER. Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: A COCO (Answers tomorrow Jumbles: LANKY AGATE NEARLY SLEIGH Answer: When you're told you have a blood pressure problem, don't take it with this—
A GRAIN OF SALT

THE Daily Crossword by Don Jo ACROSS Dutch painter it. poet Brew 14 Leave out 15 Pungeni vegetable 16 Hence 17 "The —" (20 Fixes 2' Metric 22 Twelve 23 Abundant supply 24 Way up 27 Without companionship 31 Jeer 32 Strength 33 Take it on the -34 Ladder part 35 Back up 36 Antier branch 38 Tatter 39 Tooi 40 Annoyed

Yesterday's Puzzle Selveit Midler 12 Hung, city 13 Supreme Diana 26 Familiy 27 Adored Edouard 30 Abrasive 32 Studied

Carnel kin 41 Mongolians

44 Marsh plant 45 Fr. priest 46 "-- in the USA"

<u> Alegar</u>ny (m. 1974–1974). Anne i den meny ny tanàna A STATE OF THE STA

Economy in U.S. weakens

U.S. economy was slackening well before higher oil prices foilowing the tract invasion of Kuwait threatened to push it closer to a recession, the U.S. central bank has reported.

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(October 23 by c wany about in arc and complex a you wal be di ag data you ag

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A Commercial Commercia

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INS MINOS

HE

While a survey of the bank's 12 districts found the U.S. economy continuing to grow, "most noted that the pace was slow or had slackened recently," the central bank said in releasing its beige book, a periodic economic assess-

Many economists fear higher energy costs could shock an already soft economy into reces-

The U.S. Chamber of Commerce has predicted that even without higher energy costs, the economy would grind to a standstill during the current quarter and then fall into a recession starting in the fourth quarter.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta completed the survey July 27 for use at the Aug. 21 meeting of the central bank's Federal Open Market Com-

The committee, which establishes U.S. mouetary policy, adopted a tight credit policy more than a year ago to slow the economy and lessen inflationary pressures. But as evidence of a weakening economy mounted even before the Middle East

WASHINGTON (AP) - The eruption, many officials and eco- cent and five per cent, in most nomists were calling for a looser grip to stimulate growth.

U.S. Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady has called on the Federal Reserve to stimulate growth with lower interest rates.

"We are not contemplating recession," Brady said in response to a question after a luncheon speech to the National Press

"Certainly the events of last week, where the price of oil has gone up, are going to impose additional harships on the country," he said. "But I don't think we should come to judgment

Brady expressed confidence that Federal Reserve policymakers, who meet on Aug. 21, woold lower rates in response to sluggish growth.

The Commerce Department reported the economy grew at a meager 1.2 per cent annual rate in the quarter ending June 30 and just 1.7 per cent in the previous three-month period. Another sign of a slowing economy came last Friday when the Labour Department reported unemployment rose to 5.5 per cent, the highest level in two years.

While the Fed's latest survey found sluggish growth continuing in the third quarter, it also indicated inflation was not subsiding. It said wages in some districts were rising between three per cases excluding benefits. At the same time, some districts reported widespread price increases while other said businesses were having to absorb higher costs at

the expense of profit margins. Residential real estate construction and sales were below their 1989 pace, often because of high inventories which in many cases caused falling prices, the survey found. The soft housing industry also was causing weak sales of home furnishings and

Overall manufacturing activity was flat, the survey found, although it varied from industry to industry.

Demand for domestie steel was up, partly due to auto produc-on. At the same time, the survey found vehicle sales either flat or below year-ago levels.

But with the exception of steel and commercial aircraft, manufacturing inventories and lead times were said to be slowing. Most districts also reported employment was either flat or

likely to weaken based on

appounced layoffs. Lending to consumers also was off, but not to the extent of

commercial loans. The survey found the outlook for agricultural production generally good, although poor weather conditions were burting crops in

some areas.

increase in gasoline and heating gas prices in Israel. Israelis will now pay 1.5

shekels per litte of gasoline, or about \$3 a gallon. Naeman also increased the price of industrial fuel, used to produce electricity, by 30 per cent, according to English daily

Israeli stocks

TEL AVIV (AP) - The Tel

Aviv stock market plunged 20 per

cent between the beginning of the

week and Friday in response to

"This was one of the worst weeks ever for the Tel Aviv stock

market," said Haim Ben Dor,

economic reporter for Israe

radio. "Stocks dropped 20 per

cent across the board and shares

Ben Dor said the major drop of

some 13 per cent came Thursday,

day after Iraqi Presideot Sad-

dam Hussein threatened to attack

Israel with chemical weapons if

the Americans staged a military

"From an economic view this

run was unjustified," Ben Dor

said. "But the public discovered the olob and the mob went

according to the radio announce-

The week's plunge was the

worst the market has experienced

since October 1987 when a New

York stock market crash re-

Meanwhile, the Gulf crisis

forced up world oil prices and

Israeli Energy Minister Yuval

Naeman announced a 13 per cent

verberated around the world.

the conflict in the Gulf.

dropped by \$2 million."

strike in the Gulf.

ments.

drop 20%

Japanese firms fear \$4b loss of Iragi debts

panies could lose more than 600 billion yen (\$4 billion) in debts owed by Iraq if it defaults on its loan payments, officials said Thursday.

Major Japanese companies, ineluding trading houses, banks and manufacturers, stand to lose between 600 billion yen (\$4 billion) and 700 hellion yen (\$4.69 bil-

Kuwaiti oil are withholding pay-Traders said the stock market ment for crude shipments reopened moderately higher, but | ceived in recent days, which market players then dumped | could total more than \$200 million by the end of the month, business said.

Japan suspended payments for

of Japan's largest oil companies said .tbe situation is a

"Japanese banks told us they won't pay the money (to Iraq). So far, it's technically impossible to pay," the executive said. Oil company officials say they

would prefer to pay the money and are hoping the government will quickly issue a clear policy

Sources said Iraq has asked for payment of the oil through banks in either Switzerland or Jordan. Earlier this week, the Swiss government decided to go along with a U.N. embargo on trade with Iraq, and the oil companies

The oil funds Japan owes could serve as a hedge against the debt owed by Iraq.

The companies could also eventually recoup their losses through the billions of dollars of Kuwaiti assets that have been frozen in Japan by the govern-

Iraqis stockpile foodstuffs to counter possible cutoff

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) - Iragis from the L'mited States, mainly rushed to stock up on rice, sugar, cooking oil and other foodstuffs after economic sanction were announced, fearing shortages in a country that imports \$2 billion worth of food a year.

After Iraq invaded Kuwait, world attention was focused on the world embargo on Iraq's oil exports, but the food cutoff could impose even greater suffering on the fragi people.

Foreigners who fled Kuwaii reponed immediate food shorlages, as residents hurriedly rushed for siege-like conditions.

Because the world embargo applies to Knwait, too, the residents of the Iragi-annexed emirate are likely to feel the food pinch just as hard as the Iraqis rhemselves. Kuwait imports effectively all of its food.

London's Financial Times Thursday quoted an unnamed source inside Kuwait saying in a delayed report shipped to the newspaper in the form of rough

"Tuesday morning some residents queueing at banks and food shops but no sign of them open-

One third of Iraq's imports, about \$700 million a year, came Iran many foodstuffs were

wheat, corn, rice, barley, sugar, poultry and eggs at subsidised

Washington has also provided agricultural credits that engoled the Arab country to buy many of these U.S. products.

Even befor the invasion, the U.S. Senate voted July 27 to halt \$1 billion in agricultural credit guarantees, citing in part Irag's recent threat to use chemical weapons against Israel.

That measure required presidential approval, but became moot after the post-invasion sanction out off all credit.

Omar Kader, a Middle East expert and board member of the Arab-American Affairs Council, said on the "Good Morning America" U.S. television programme that a food cutoff would have an almost immediate im-

Kader said U.S. policy bas as part of its underlying assumption curtailing Iraq's food supply, 70 per cent of which is imported, and that only takes days to squeeze...

The Iraqi people are accus-tomed to food shortages. During the 1980-88 war with

rationed, including rice, sugar and cooking oil. Citizens stood in lines stretching around city blocks to purchase small quantities at government stores.

After the August 1988 ceasefire, the government suddenly released onto the market warehouses full of once-scarce food,

But within months shelves were bare again and lines were once more a regular fixture in

Local Turkish and Iraqi officials have been conferring on what to do with thousands of trucks blocked on both sides of the border following Turkey's decision to cut trade with Iraq. Turkey is both a supplier of food to Iraq and a crucial over-

Europe and other points. A major route for Iraqi food imports during the Gulf war was the truck route from the port of Aqaba in Jordan, where feelings in support of Iraq run strong.

land route for imports from

But businessmen in Jordan said ships carrying food or other produets bave not unloaded at Agaba since the United Nations sanctions resolution went into

Another possible route for

since the 1980 outbreak of the Gulf war and is now patrolled by United Nations ceasefire monitors, with no trade allowed across the frontier.

Marking an exception to the world blockade, Sri Lanka said it will continue selling rea - a major stable io every Arab country - to Iraq despite the

"We are a poor country and must continue to pick and sell our tea," said Deputy Defence Minister Ranjsan Wijeratne. "Sanctions can be imposed by rich countries. We cannot afford to stop selling our products."

Iraq is Sri Lanka's second largest customer after Egypt, buying 24 per cent of last year's

Food makes np a quarter of

Iraq's imports. According to the U.S. State Department, Iraq agreed to buy 100 tonnes of corn worth \$300,000 from Argentica in 1989-90 and had a plan to purchase 600 tonnes of corn annually from China.

Saudi Arabia planned to sell Iraq 500 tonnes of wheat in 1990-91. Thailand sent 1raq 120 tonnes of rice in 1989-90 and planned a food imports, the long Iran-Iraq larger shipment in 1990-91.

Peru floats inti

LIMA (Agencies) - The govern- isted. ment said Thursday that it bas decided to float Peru's currency,

A decree published in the offi- 320,000 intis. cial gazette said: "The exchange rate for buying and selling foreign currency will be fixed by the supply and demand for the cur-

The decree said all other exchange rates would be chimin-

During the previous five-year administration of President Alan Garcia, Peru had as many a dozen official exchange rates. They were used to import different types of products and to pay exporters at different rates, When President Alberto Fu-

jumori took office July 28, Peru huge rises in price-controlled still had two basic exchange rates. food costs Wednesday in an The so-called MUC rate paid for subsidised imports. It was listed at 53.114 intis to the dollar

on July 27. The new government tripled, noodles quadrupled and suspended its use as soon as it cooking gas rose 25-fold.

at 306,600 intis to the dollar.

Tokyo stocks The street market rate jumped from 200,000 intis to 400,000 intis this week. Thursday it fell back to Meanwhile, slamdwellers looted food markets and attacked

several banks Thursday in angry protests against steep increases in food and petrol prices ordered by Peru's new president. Despite tough state of emergency provisions and troops patrolling streets, authorities said they were bracing for more vio-

lence after troops killed three people in a shanrytown protest against the increases. Economy Minister Juan Hurtado Miller announced a 3,100 per cent boost in petrol prices and

A total of 320 million shares emergency austerity plan to rechanged bands, down from the plenish the state's empty coffers. Overnight the cost of bread

Furious residents looted at Another rate, called the "bank least four markets in outlying rate," was used for other official slums and reporters saw a mob of transactions. Wednesday it stood 500 people attack banks and shops in a shantytown after some

An unofficial, but legal, para-llel market for dollars, based on Elsewhere in Lima, shopkeepsupply and demand, also has ex- ers closed their doors.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES Thursday, August 9, 1990 Central Bank official rates

_	Bey	S-2	French franc Impances you (for 100)	123.5 440.4	124.2 443.0
U.S. dollar Pound Sterling Dentschemark Swiss franc	659.0 1232.4 414.2 492.8	663.0 1239.8 416.7 495.8	Durch guilder Swedish crown Italian lina (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)	367.1 112.9 56.6	369,3 113.6 56.9 202.5

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One U.S. dollar

1.8690.8700 1.1470/75 1.5965/70 1.7985/95 32.84/89 5.3585/3635 1171/1172 150.05/15 5,8400/50 6.1600/50 6.0900/50 388.60/389.10 Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese ven Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

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continue plunge

TOKYO (AP) - Continuing pessimism over the Middle East sent shares on the Tokyo stock exchange down further Friday, traders said. The U.S. dollar gained marginally against the apanese yen.

everage lost 286.18 points, or 1.04 per cent, closing the week at 27.329.55. It was the Nikkei's owest closing level since Oct. 24. 1988, when it ended trading at 27,281.54,

previous day's 380 million shares. Thursday, the Nikkei plunged 893.41 points.

issues because of pessimism over the situation in the Middle East. Akira Shimoda, an equity analyst with Yamaichi Securities, said there had no news about major new developments in the Middle East Friday, but

sulting in a negative psychological impact on investors." The Nikkei index gained nearly 300 points in the morning, but later suffered from sporadie arbitrage selling to take advantage of price gaps between the spot and futures markets, he said.

Among losers were chemical, drug, shipbuilding and trading

total of 4,634.19 points since July 20 because of rising interest rates in Japan and the Gulf crisis. which began last Thursday when Iraq invaded Kuwait.

in currency dealings, the dollar 149.53 yen aod 149.35 yen.

"It's veryquiet with only a small with Sanwa bank.

The Jerusalem Post.

The 225-issue Minkei stock

"the situation there is hazy, re-

company issues.

The Nikkei index has lost a

finished the week at 149.75 yen, np 0.07 yen from Thursday's close of 149.68 yen. It opened at 149.75 yeu and ranged between

number of calls and customers," said Megumi Morita, a dealer

TOKYO (AP) - Japanese com-

In response to the invasion of Kuwait, Japan announced a ban Sunday on oil purchases from Iraq and Kuwait and a halt of Japanese export shipments to those nations.

lion) if Iraq defaults. Japanese buyers of traci and

oil Sunday.
A purchasing manager at one "headache."

say they couldn't get the money to Iraq through those channels.

ment, say analysts.

still working in Iraq ISTANBUL (R) - Six Turkish Denizhan. "For the time being, we have no plans to pull out but construction firms engaged in projects in Iraq are still working we are awaiting developments." despite U.N.-impose sanctions, Other Turkish projects, some newly signed, include irrigation industry sources said. canals, factories and power plants. More than 2,500 Turkish

Turkish contractors

Turkey accepted the sanctions

Tuesday and banned trade with

Iraq but government said they did

not affect the construction busi-"Construction activities are separate from foreign trade. There are no obstacles for onr contractors to continue work in

Officials from the companies told Reuters however that they expected the projects to come to a halt soon because of the drying up of supplies and payments by

Enka Holding A.S. has been

the most active Turkish firm in

Iraq. It began work on the \$1.5

billion Bekme dam on the Zab river in 1987 in a joint venture with a Yugoslavian firm. "Work is continuing normal-

ly," said Enka executive Esref delays.

Mexico to export extra oil to Spain and Japan

Bekme project alone.

Denizhan said .

overdue payments.

Gulf war in 1988.

machines, hut because of the

embargo, construction will have

Mustafa Duman, general man-

ager of Fuat Soylu Insaat ve Sanayi A.S., said the Iraqi gov-ernment owed Turkish contrac-

tors more than \$16 million in

Turkish companies became in-

Banking sources said many

creasingly involved in reconstruc-

tion in Iraq after the end of the

companies had pulled out after

Ankara curbed credits to Bagh-

dad last year due to repayment

to stop once these are used up,'

MEXICO CITY (R) — Mexico's Spain, and possibly to Japan to pledge to boost oil production by fulfill long-term contracts which 100,000 barrels per day in response to the Gulf crisis could imports, Pemex director Francisincrease sales to Spain and Japan co Rojas said. as well as the United States, a spokeswoman for the state-own-

ed oil company said Thursday. Government and Petroleos Mexicanos (Pemex) officials said Wednesday the world's seventhlargest oil producer would increase production by about four per cent following the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait.

Production averaged 2.5 million barrels per day before the announcement. The additional production will

be exported to the United States, to European clients, especially

Rojas said Mexico would earn an additional \$365 million a month in oil revenues if prices for Mexican crude stayed at the

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rels of oil per day to Spain. Rojas did not say exactly how much of the added ontput would go to each Pemex client, but he stressed that the United States currently buys 60 per cent of

\$20.50 per barrel level, he said.

For example, under a contract signed this year with the Spanish firm Repsol, Pemex can be called upon to provide 30,000 extra bar-

Mexico's crude exports.

of Knwait last week. "As we've seen from the last

few days, new challenges come Donaldson said.

NYSE elects Donaldson chairman, chief executive

York Stock Exchange (NYSE) concepts," Donaldson said. "In-Thursday elected Wall Street povative financial products will veteran William Donaldson as have to be tested for their accepchairman and chief executive tability in the marketplace as well officer, replacing retiring head as their technical excellence." John Phelan Jr.

panded President Richard Gras- NYSE relations with foreign so's duties to executive vice chair- stock exchanges. He currently is man. Both appointments take chairman of the Association of effect Jan. 1. "I don't think we could get a and has travelled extensively dur-

The announcements came after University's School of Organisaa special board meeting to select tion and Management before re-

college friends one year out of Donaldson is best known on Harvard business school. He was Wall Street for leading and wintabbed by a nine-member search ming a fight to overturn an NYSE panel appointed after Phelan in ban on publicly owned securities February announced plans to re- firms. After the exchange agreed

Grasso's additional responsibi- in 1969, many securities firms lities were described by people followed.

familiar with the selections as an Donaldson takes over one of inducement to keep him at the the most high-profile jobs in the exchange. It was widely known securities industry. that he had wanted the chair-

will be keeping up with technolo-

gical changes affecting global

NEW YORK (AP) - The New support of the soundest trading

Phelan, chairman since 1984.

International Stock Exchanges

singer. He later founded Yale

He founded and still operates a

The NYSE's board also ex- will remain a consultant for workers are employed in the "We have some supplies in Bekme, including spare parts for

> finer selection than Bill Donald- ing his tenure cultivating ties with son," Phelan told a news confer- markets abroad. ence. Donaldson, who first came Donaldson left DLJ in the earto Wall Street 35 years ago, called ly 1970s to serve as an underthe appointment "a tremendous secretary of state to Henry Kis-

> a new leader for the nation's turning to Wall Street in the early largest and the world's second 1980s. largest stock exchange. Donaldson, 59, founded money management and mer-Donaldson, Lufkin and Jenrette chant banking firm, Donaldson Inc. (DLJ) in 1959 with two Enterprises Inc. in 1980.

tire the end of the year.

man's job.

Donaldson praised Poclan's administration for being "responsive to the unexpected," during such events as the market gyrations that followed Iraq's invasion

from unexpected places," He said some of the challenges facing the exchange in the 1990s

securities trading. "New generations of technology will have to be deployed in 4 RENT

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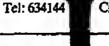
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W. African peacekeeping force to move into Liberia next week

FREETOWN (R) — A West African peacekeeping force will move into Liberia next week to enforce a ceasefire in the three-sided civil war there even if rebel leader Charles Taylor opposes the idea, African diplomatic sources said Friday.

capital of Freetown Sunday with Liberia to secure a truce in the fighting by the end of next week, they added.

The sources stressed that the fresh elections. multinational force planned to intervene whether or not Taylor's being formed under the auspices mainstream rebel movement agreed to its presence in Liberia.

Taylor's National Patriotic Front of Liberia (NPFL) has so far resolutely opposed any foreign intervention in the eightmonth-old conflict, which has hrought anarchy to the besieged capital Monrovia.

But President Samuel Doe. boled up with several bundred

COLOMBO (R) — Tamil rebels

accused of a spate of massacres

tied up 18 Muslim villagers early

Friday and were about to kill

them when Sri Lankan troops

intervened, military sources said. More than 200 Muslims have

died this month at the hands of

Tamils who seek a bomeland in

the north of this Indian Ocean

island. In an apparent Muslim backlash, 49 Tamils were killed in

In the capital, Colombo, police

and soldiers guarded mosques

where Muslims gathered after

hearing a joint appeal by com-

munity leaders for a peaceful

The sources said 75 men of the

Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam

armed with guns, knives and

axes, drove into the village of

Siyabalagaskande on tractors and

Troops from a nearby camp

rushed to the scene after hearing

Communist North Korea bas

effectively rejected a South Ko-

rean proposal to open the beavily

armed Korean border to unres-

tricted travel for five days next

By repeating a longstanding

demand for the repeal of South

Korea's anti-Communist national

security laws, the North appeared

to have squelched any last-minute

chance to set in motion proce-

dures for inter-Korean ex-

In another development, North

Korea Thursday postponed for

the second time a proposed meet-

ing intended to prepare for un-

precedented talks next month be-

tween the two Koreas' prime

North Korea first put off the

meeting, scheduled for Wednes-

day, without giving any clear

reasons. South Korea then sought

to convene the meeting Friday

but the North again delayed it,

changes.

ministers.

N. Korea effectively

rejects Seoul proposal

tried to abduct the villagers.

observance of Friday prayers.

a village Tuesday.

The 2,400-strong force would troops in his executive mansion start forming in the Sierra Leone and a breakaway rebel group led by Prince Yormie Johnson have the aim of entering neighbouring already agreed that a multinational force should maintain law and order while an interim government is set up to organise

The peacekeeping force is of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), in line with a decision by regional heads of state at a summit in Gambia Monday and Tuesday.

The diplomatic sources in Freetown and sources close to the summit in Banjul said it would consist of about 2,400 troops drawn from Nigeria, Ghana, Guinea, Sierra Leone and poss-

But they said Nigeria's role had been scaled down considerably from that originally intended to try to overcome objections by

Taylor's rebel movement. Instead of forming the back-bone of the ECOWAS force as iginally planned, Nigeria would only contribute about 800 troops. the same as Ghana, they added.

Taylor has consistently accused Nigeria, the largest and most powerful nation in West Africa, of favouring Doe's government in the civil war.

On Wednesday night Taylor's forces overran the Nigerian embassy compound in Monrovia, firing in the air to dislodge several hundred people who had sought

But diplomats noted that Taylor, whose forces now control most of Liberia, had not rejected outright the latest ECOWAS proposals for a peacekeeping

"It would appear that Taylor is

beginning to think it would be a good idea for the peacekeeping force to come in," one Western diplomat told Reuters.

Trinidad

charged

treason

PORT OF SPAIN (R) - More

than 100 members of a black

Muslim group who took the

prime minister of Trinidad and

Tobago and 46 other officials

hostage last month were charged

Thursday with crimes ranging

from treason to weapons posses-

The charges against the 114

absent members of the Jamaat

Al-Muslimeen included treason,

murder, possession of arms and

ammunition and wounding in

connection with the five-day

Many of the rebels face the

They stormed the parliament

and the government-owned tele-vision station in Trinidad's capit-

al, Port of Spain, on July 27 and

held 47 hostages, shooting Prime Minister A.N.R. Robinson in

The Muslims accused the gov-

ernment of corruption, racism,

murder and not doing enough to

The hostages were freed last Wednesday after the prime minis-

ter reportedly signed a pact which

provided for his resignation, an

amnesty and immunity from pro-

secution for the rebels, formation

of an interim government and

elections in 90 days instead of the

But shortly after the hostages

were freed the rebels were

Planning and Mobilisation Minister Winston Dookeran, who

is acting as prime minister during

Robinson's convalescence, has

demed the government made any

The state of emergency in Tri-

nidad is likely to be extended for

another 10 days when parliament

combat drug traffickers.

scheduled 18 months.

deals with the rebels.

death penalty if found guilty.

attempted coup.

appear in court.

both knees.

rebels

with

The rebel leader was probably taking into account his difficulty in finishing off Doe's forces in Monrovia and the fact that if ECOWAS did not intervene Nigeria and Guinea would probably do so on their own, he

No time limit has been set for the ECOWAS monitoring group officially dubbed ECOMOG to remain in Liberia, although the Banjul summit called for fresh elections within 12 months.

"We emphasise that the role of the peacekeeping force is purely humanitarian and temporary, Sierra Leone's acting first vicepresident, Salliah Jasu Sheriff, told parliament Thursday. "As soon as conditions permit, the troops will be withdrawn leaving the. Liberians with responsibility

violence spreads

Rioting spread from the South African city of Port Elizabeth to neighbouring Uttenhage Friday and South African police said 42 people had been shot dead since

Major Bill Dennis said police and soldiers worked side by side Port Elizabeth.

Dennis said 40 people had been killed in Port Elizabeth since Monday, nine of them during the night. Two people were killed in

worst violence since 1985.

and act relentlessly against them and all perpetrators of political violence," he said.

for managing their own affairs." 42 dead as S. African township

PORT ELIZABETH (R) -

through the night to bring fiveday-old rioting under control in coloured (mixed race) areas of

But be said the violence spread to the neighbouring car-making town of Uitenhage, about 30 kilometres away, where black and coloured crowds burned and looted shops Friday.

Soviet Armenia acts to control armed groups

YEREVAN, Soviet Union (R) - Armenian Nationalist President Levon Ter-Petrosian told the republic's many rebel paramilitary groups to report for service with the police Friday.

As he spoke, a group of 15 men, wearing jeans and casual shirts and carrying old rifles, gathered at a side entrance of parliament.

"We are the parliamentary guard," said Nazan Sarkisyan, who described himself as a leader of a Border Defence Force. Interior Minister Levon Gal-

styan emerged smiling from a friendly meeting with them and declared: "No problems, they are our boys."

Inside parliament Ter-Petro-sian outlined a deal he reached in Police sources could not say Moscow Wednesday to avoid a Soviet army crackdown on the when the detained rebels, led by Imam Yasin Abu Bakr, a partarmed groups. time resident of Canada and for-There may be psychological mer Trinidad policeman, would

problems in encouraging people who have been oppressed by Soviet authorities to don the uniforms of the state militia.

"But by joining the militia they can form the nucleus of a future defence of Armenia," he said to President Mikhail Gorbachev

issued a decree two weeks ago threatening to use force against armed groups which have flourished on the streets of Yerevan and in the countryside around the capital over the last six months.

But the Thursday deadline passed peacefully after Gorbachev accepted Ter-Petrosian's assurances that he could disarm the groups without involvement from the central Soviet authorities.

On Friday, there was no sign of armed paramilitary forces on the streets of Yerevan. But unarmed men in green uniforms carried out routine checks, seeking to confiscate any state-owned cars.

Paramilitaries have seized and confiscated hundreds of government cars during the last months. arguing that they are needed by the people, not by the armed

Ter-Petrosian, elected Saturday with the support of Commun- Moscow.

ists as well as Nationalists, said he thought the Soviet central author ity was collapsing,

For the most part, the centre is politically bankrupt, reduced to the level of a theatrical prop,

Ethnic violence and the rise of the armed groups, many of which number several thousand, have given a more dramatic edge to Armenian drive for independ-

Several of the Soviet Union's 15 republies have already adopted sovereignty declarations, but Armenia is expected to go further than any other this week in declaring formation of its own. independent army.

The Armenian parliament Friday was debating three possible declarations. One involved a full declaration of immediate indendence, similar to that which has brought the rebel Baltic Re-public of Lithuania into conflict with Moscow.

But Armenia, still grappling with the devastation of a 1988 earthquake and bloody clashes with Azerbaijan, is more likely to adopt a declaration demanding more independence within the Soviet Union.

Dvigan Khachaturyan, a Communist delegate, said the country's primary aim must be to restore internal stability and solve the problem of Nagorno-Kara-

Hundreds of people have been killed in clashes between Armemans and Azeris over the disputed territory, a largely Armenian enclave neighbouring Azer-

The armed groups, denounced by Moscow, were born-largely of Armenian fears that the Soviet army could not provide enough protection against what they described as Azen aggression....

Ter-Petrosian's challenge now is to recruit the more disciplined political forces from the armed groups and use them to root out armed criminal elements. Only then can be abolish the groups without resorting to help from

Bourbon to splash across bow of submarine

GROTON, Connecticut (AP)

The Trident submarine USS Kentucky will be christened Saturday - with a special blend of Kentucky bourbons instead of the traditional bottle of bubbly. Eight distilleries donated their most seasoned bourbon for the event, according to a news release from U.S. representative Larry I. Hopkins. Twelve Kentuckians assigned to the submarine will bottle the whiskey during a spe-cial ceremony on land. Hopkins wife, Carolyn, is to break the commemorative bottle over the bow of the submarine. The caristening will take place at the Electric Boat Division, of General Dynamics. Electric Boat is the sole builder of the Trident submarine, which is designed to serve as an undersea missile launching platform. Electric Boat has aiready delivered 10 Tridents to the navy. The boat will be the third navy vessel named in hon-our of the bluegrass state, but it's the first to be christened with Kentucky spirits, the release said.

Brazil steps up antismoking campaign

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (AP) - The Brazilian government, which has already banned smoking in most public areas, is movmg its campaign to the airways. The Health. Ministry, said Wednesday that smoking will be prohibited on domestic airline flights of two hours or less. The ban affects flights between Brazil's major cities such as Rio, Sao Paulo and Brasilia, the capital. The new rule will take effect after a public education campaign by the airlines and the Department of Civilian Aviation, the ministry said. The ministry said it also is considering an idea to create special shuttle flights for smokers, similar to those in parts of the United States. Three months ago, the government approved a plan to cut down on smoking in this country of 150 million people. The measures included a ban on cigarette sales to minors, prohibition of cigarette ads on television between 6 a.m. and 9 p.m. (0900 GMT to 0000 GMT) and required health warnings on TV, newspaper and billboard ads for igarettes: About 55 million Brazilians are smokers. A law prohibiting smoking in elevators, buses and public areas is routinely flonted.

Woman claims she was seduced by nun

ATLANTA (AP) - The woman

whose romantic involvement with

the archbishop of Atlanta led to his resignation claims she was seduced by a nun she was 19. a newspaper reported Wednesday. Two anonymous sources say Vicki Long, 27, claims the seduction occurred during a weekend trip to Pittsburgh; the Atlanta Journal-Constitution reported in a story. Ms. Long has refused comment since her relationship. with former Archbishop Engene Marino became public last week. Her attorney, Anthony Fontana, did not return phone calls. Atlanta Archdiocese officials confirmed last week that Marino, who resigned his office citing health reasons, had an "intimate relationship" with Ms. Long, a former lay minister. Marino has not commented publicly. The Rev. Michael Woods, a Sandy Springs priest, resigned Saturday, citing an intimate relationship with Ms. Long Ms. Long has denied a sexual relationship with Woods, but an archdiocese spokesman, the Rev. Peter Dora, said Woods "did make it clear that they had a sexual rela-tionship." Fontana has said Manno sexually manipulated Ms. Long, who is considering filing a lawsuit against the archdiocese:

Children too often become victims in **New York shootings**

NEW YORK (R) - A mid-

summer crime wave in New York City is hitting children hard with four killed among seven shot in the past 19 days by builets apparently meant for someone else. The most recent victim, a 13-year-old Bronz youth who was riding his bicycle and stopped on the street to watch three men argue, was shot in the leg when one of the men drew a gun and opened fire on the others. He was in a satisfactory condition after the shooting Gundley smoot drug dealers is becoming in creasingly common and several young victims have been hit And the same of the same

Sri Lankan troops reportedly prevent massacre by Tamil rebels lian home guards. The attackers fled, leaving their vehicles and aid from Arab countries. Sinhalese, who live mainly in arms, when the soldiers opened

"There was a trail of blood as the terrorists fled to the jungle and we believe several of them and eastern provinces. must have been killed or wound-Muslims, who make up seven ed," a military officer said, adding that one Muslim died in

Eighteen Muslims, their hands tied behind their backs after The Tigers are leading an being grabbed by the rebels, were rescued. "All of them would have been killed if the troops didn't

Sinhalese community, shooting and hacking to death 63 people, authorities have said. The Tamil Tigers bave denied being involved in killing Muslims,

come," a resident said. This week Tamils followed up attacks on Muslims with raids on three villages of the majority

saying the murders were a "dishots fired at the raiders by civiabolical plan" by the government

terest in the prime ministers

talks, which would be the first

since the division of the peninsula

in 1945. The talks are scheduled

to be held in Seoul on Sept. 4-7

and in the north's capital of Pyon-

North Korea's official news

media have indicated the govern-

a main ally of North Korea.

gyang on Oct. 16-19.

the Sonth, form nearly 75 per cent of the island's 16 million people. Tamils comprise 13 per cent and most bve in the northern

per cent, are scattered in several parts of the country, but many live in the northern and eastern

armed campaign for a homeland for Tamils in the northeast. The rebels launehed an offensive against the security forces in June, abandoning 14 months of peace talks with the government.

Deputy Defence Minister Ran-

jan Wijeratne said Thursday the slangbter of Muslims and Sinhalese was a ploy by the Tigers to divert the attention of the security forces away from their anti-rebel operations by provoking communal strife.

Angolan SEOUL, South Korea (AP) — indicate the North's waning in-

LUANDA (R) — Peace talks to end Angola's civil war have been postponed as UNITA rebels step up attacks in the government's northern beartland, President

ment in Pyongvang may boycott "The military operations which the prime ministers' talks because of Scoul's moves to improve ties our national territory, namely in with the Soviet Union. Moscow is the north of the country and in the vicinity of the capital... have In a telephone message Thursnot created an atmosphere conday to his South Korean counter-

part, North Korean Prime Minister Yon Hyong Muk listed three conditions, not likely to be met by Sonth Korea, for the North's acceptance of the names of thousands of South Koreans who wish to visit the North. Angolan peace process. He demanded the South repeal its anti-Communsit national

security laws governing sedition and espionage; allow a North Korean "consolation" team to tionally drawn support from the Mbundu peoples of the north.

But army sources in Luanda say the rebels have scored a series

that the earliest they could now take place would be late August. he thought conditions still existed for the two sides to meet in Portugal, but gave no dates.

er until 1975, has welcomed government and rebels for two past four months.

Starting the talks was hailed as a breakthrough after years of military and political stalemate in the war which has raged since independence from Portugal.

But the negotiating atmosphere soured when UNITA blew up electricity supplies to Luanda, plunging the city into darkness several times in the past month.

ITA troops had also attacked the road from Namibia which until this month was regarded as a safe route for moving food aid to southwestern provinces.

on reducing tension over Kashmir Uitenhage early Friday. "They have all been shot by police using shotguns or by shopkeepers protecting their proper-Law and Order Minister

late Thursday be would send police and military reinforcements to the southcoast city to contain what police called the "They will seek out criminals

National police chief General Mulder van Eyck told a late-night news conference in Port Elizabeth that 160 people had been arrested and police were studying video tapes to identify looters and

NEW DELHI (R) - India and nazir Bhutto and her govern- in tension along the border," he Pakistan began a second round of ment. talks on the Muslim uprising in Kashmir Friday with India's con-Delhi believed the attention of third of Himalayan Kashmir, de-

two leading militants and by political crisis in Islamabad.

The two sides failed to close the gap between them in a first session held in Islamabad last month after mutual hostility had reached the point where the possibility of war was being discussed openly.

But Indian officials and Western diplomats said the atmosphere had changed following India's capture Monday of two

India, Pakistan hold talks again

fidence boosted by its capture of the Pakistani military, which it nies Indian charges that it abets accuses of arming and training the militants, would now be under New Delhi's control. turned largely inward.

"They're going to have enough on their hands at home and less time to devote to Kashmir," he

Pakistani politicians were bound to increase their rhetoric on Kashmir during a campaign for elections set for Oct. 24, he

the uprising in the two-thir

More than, 1,000 people have been killed since the Muslim-led campaign against rule by Hindumajority India exploded into serious violence in January.

The capture of the two commanders of the Jammn and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF), the leading militant group, was a major blow to the secessionist cause, which has wide support in the overwhelmingly Muslim Kashmir Valley.

Space probe to enter Venus orbit, map planet

dond-enshronded mystery

the surface of Venus and scientists think that in doing so it may tell them if the planet underwent global warming millions of years ago like the "greenhouse effect" now believed to be threatening Earth.

At the Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Pasadena, spokesman Bob MacMillan said the probe would also determine if Venus still has active volcanoes. "We want to know if there are

he said in a reference to the bve volcano in the western state of "We can learn a lot about the Earth from Venus. It is closer to Earth in terms of size than any

and 80 to 90 times more dense than Earth's," he said. Venus is known as the mystery planet because it is permanently covered in clouds and, unlike

actual image of the surface. We can unlock at least some of its secrets," MacMillan said.

A Soviet space probe mapped 30 per cent of the planet in 1982 but Magellan is expected to produce pictures 10 times as sharp. and 100 times better than those made of a small part of Venus by

"These results only served to whet our appetites," said Mac-One of the things Magellan's

radar cartography might show is whether there was ever any water on Venus. If so, that would support the theory of some scientists that the planet underwent global warming millions of years ago. The Soviet probe found vast plains and huge mountains and

lan said Magellan would be able to detect active lava flows. MacMillan said that at 9.45 a.m. (1645 GMT) Friday the craft's solid fuel retro-rocket would be ignited, slowing the craft in an 83-second burn from its approach speed of 24,600 mph

volcanoes on Venus and MacMil-

"At that point we are in orbit,"

he said. Mapping of the planet's surface will begin on Sept. 1. Using a device called synthetic aperture radar, Magellan will span a 16mile (26-km) by 10,000-mile (16,000 km) strip of the planet on each orbit, which takes three

As the planet rotates the radar scanners will pick up a slightly different overlapping strip on each orbit.

At its closest point Magellan will be 171 miles (275 km) above the planet's surface and 5,050 miles (8,100 km) away at the furthest point of its elliptical

MacMillan said it would take just one Venus day to map about 90 per cent of the surface. One Venus day, however, is equivalent to 243 Earth days. In a separate development. mirrors being built for a \$747-

million series of weather satellites have been found to warp and become useless in the temperature extremes of space, U.S. officials said Wednesday. The problem marks the second time in recent months that a

National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) project has been seriously affected by failed mirror technology. Engineers found in June that a mirror aboard the \$1.5-billiou Hubble space telescope was ground to the wrong specifications and produces only a blurred

be completed and launched until a solution is found.

"The visual images from these

useless," said Bryan Dunbar, a space agency spokesman. The mirrors are being built for a satellite to be launched in February, 1992 as the first of five in a series of robot weather obser-

Managers of the NASA programme were not available for comment, Dunbar said.

quickly.

Officials said the problem occurs only when the 12-by-20inch (30.5-by-51 centimetre) oval mirrors are exposed to the intense light of the sun in space.

Dunbar said tests in a vacuum chamber showed that intense sunlight, such as experienced by satellites in orbit, can warp the mirrors. That distorts images that the mirrors reflect into instruments aboard the satellite.

pheric Administration (NOAA), said Frank Lepore, a NOAA spokesman. He said the space agency builds and launches the satellites and that the weather bureau takes over the operation once the craft are at geostationary orbit 35,880 kilometres above the Earth.

The weather craft scheduled for launch in 1992 is to supplement the single satellite that NOAA now has for cloud cover observations over the United States

Lepore said that the current sateilite, called GOES 7, was moved over the centre of the U.S. after GOES 6 failed last year. He said the weather bureau prefers to have satellites over both coasts so the craft can observe ocean storm fronts far from U.S.

saying a new date would be set visit jailed dissidents and permit South Korean dissidents to attend South Korean officials said a unification rally at the border they are concerned the delay may Quebec asks military

OKA, Quebec (AP) - Quebec and Mohawks have faced each has asked the federal government other behind barricades since a to send in soldiers "to ensure public security" in a month-long armed standoff between Mohawks and provincial police, Premier Robert Bourassa said Wednesday.

In another development, the Mohawks and the federal government announced agreement on a mediator to bring the parties back

to the bargaining table. Bourassa had given the Mohawks a 48-hour ultimatum that ran out Wednesday to either resume talks or face unspecified consequences. The dispute has polarised Canadians, spurring both sympathy protests by other Indians and anti-Indian demon-

At his news conference in Quebec City, Bourassa said he wants the military's role to be peaceful. "There's no question at this stage of an armed assault," he said.

strations.

He did not say when or how many soldiers would move into the town of Oka, where police

gun battle on July 11.

expansion of a local golf course on land the Mohawks claim as ancestral. Blame in that killing has not been established. Bourassa said the soldiers will back up provincial police because

Calling in the army to Oka, 24 kilometres west of Montreal, does not mean that civil liberties are being curtailed, Bourassa said. He said the military will

Loran Thimpson, a Mohawk spokesman, said he was not surprised nor overly concerned ab-

help in Mohawk standoff

A policeman was killed during that fight, which broke out when police stormed a harricade erected by Mohawks to stop the

"for the last month, they've had a very difficult job that they've done very courageously."

take its orders from provincial

out the military's arrival. Asked if the Indians fear an assault, Thompson said," that's always possible, but we're advised that our men are ready if | drought-ravaged central and it comes to that."

peace talks postponed

Jose Eduardo dos Santos said. UNITA has been carrying out on

ducive to talks," he said. Dos Santos was speaking on Angolan television from the island republic of Sao Tome, where he met Portuguese Prime Minister Anibal Cavaco Silva Thursday to discuss the latest snags in the

The U.S.-backed National Union for the Total Independence of Angola's (UNITA) bases are among the Ovimbundu of southern Angola, while the left-wing Luanda government has tradi-

of military successes this month both in northern Angola and in the government-beld southwest. Peace talks, originally due to start in early July, were later rescheduled for this week. But Cavaco Silva told Angolan television after the Thursday meeting A glum-faced Dos Santos said

Portugal, Angola's colonial rulrounds of exploratory talks in the

Army sources said 4,000 UN-

"But I don't think we expect Kashmiri militant commanders more than that. There is no exand by the dismissal the same day pectation that there will be a rise of Pakistani Prime Minister Be-

PASADENA, California (Agen-cies) — The U.S. space probe "These results on Magellan, launched 14 months ago, was expected to go into orbit around Venus Friday and scientists hope its powerful radar scanners will unlock the secrets of the

Magellan's mission is to map

any Mount St. Helens up there."

other planet. It has an atmosphere, although it is poisonous

other planets, cannot be photographed.
"But with radar we can get an

(39,600 kph) to its orbital speed of 18,675 mph (30,000 kph).

mirrors would be pretty close to hours and nine minutes.

visual image. A spokesman for NASA said the new flaw was discovered by ITT Aerospace, a subcontractor for the project, and that the planned weather satellites can not

Dunbar said engineers for NASA, ITT and Ford Aerospace, the prime contractor, are scrambling to correct the problem in time for the 1992 launch and it is possible that there could be no delay if a solution is found

NASA is supervising construction of the weather satellites for the National Oceanic and Atmos-

Dunbar said that after two mirrors were made, ITT discovered in a computer simulation that the mirrors would warp when exposed to direct sunlight in space. ITT then tested the computer model in a vacuum chamber and confirmed the problem, Dunbar